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VOL. 45.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1914

NO. 120

## BELGIANS HOLD BOTH BANKS OF YSER

### GERMANY TO GRAB CANADA IF SHE WINS WAR, SAID BARON

Monroe Doctrine Would Be Trampled on by Kaiser, as Dominating Factor of World's Politics, Asserted Berlin Official Who in May Predicted War

New York, Nov. 6.—That Germany was determined upon a world war long before the excuse for it came in the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria, and that her object was, apart from the Kaiser's insatiable desire for conquest, the necessity for providing colonies for her ever-increasing population; that in this regard Germany had, in her plans of world conquest, decided that when the war was over and the nation triumphant, part of the price Great Britain was to pay was the surrender of Canada to Germany, is told on the statement of a German of noble birth and related in a statement to the press here by W. J. Lukens, of Toronto. Mr. Lukens' statement was obtained at first hand in Berlin from the Germans. It provided for the European war, the annexation of Canada and pointed to the necessity, then, for the maintenance by the United States of a standing army against the German menace on her border, which would involve enormous taxation on the people of the union. The statement follows:

Propos of the present European conflict, I am impelled to refer to an incident that may at least furnish food for reflection. Early in May of the present year a Pennsylvania steel man and myself were entertained in Berlin by a gentleman of large affairs in the councils of his government, whose name for obvious reasons I shall not divulge. Suffice to say he is a man whose ideas may be said to be representative of at least the German ruling class.

After a discussion of business, and political conditions in America the baron (for a baron he is) gave expression to the opinion that competition between Germany and the United States would become more and more keen, and said that in order to compete successfully with America Germany would be obliged to get closer to the raw material supply.

"In your country, with its enormous territory and immense natural resources," he said, "you have a very decided advantage, but I believe that the day will come when we will be possessed of colonies whose resources in raw material are as great as your own."

When asked by my friend to specify the particular country he had in mind, the baron smiled and hesitated, but finally continued:

"At no distant date this country will be at war with Great Britain. Indeed, I am firmly convinced that war will come within two years, and in that belief I am joined by every man in Germany who has given thought to the European situation. Evidence that Great Britain herself fears German aggression is plainly seen in her connection with the Triple Entente, which, of course, was conceived with the idea of offsetting the power of the Triple Alliance.

Shows How Germany Would Win.

"But will Great Britain's efforts in that direction prove effective? Let us see. France is retreating. Her birth rate is declining enormously; she is having difficulty in maintaining her army at anything like normal strength, and her political troubles are omnipresent."

"Russia has not recovered from her defeat by Japan, and it will take years to restore her to a position where she can command any serious consideration, while Britain herself is in a worse plight than her two allies. At this moment England is divided into two opposing elements with drawn swords, the Boers and the Boers are ready to take quick advantage of any preoccupation that may beset England, and we have very good reason for the belief that under favorable conditions Canada and Australasia would quickly strike for their independence."

"On the other hand, the Triple Alliance is in a better position for aggressive action than ever before, indeed possibly in a better position to-day than it ever will be again, and it is this fact that leads to the conviction that war is not far distant, that the Triple Alliance must strike while the iron is hot."

"Germany is prepared. Our army is a marvel of perfection; our equipment is the finest in the world, and our financial resources are virtually unlimited. This being true, can there be any doubt as to the outcome of the conflict?"

"We will win, and our emperor will dictate the terms of peace in London. Part of that price will involve a sufficient number of British colonies and overseas dominions to make Germany the dominating factor in world politics and furnish her with a foothold on the American continent, for Canada must figure as part of the price of peace."

Polytely but none the less insistently my friend contended that such a condition of affairs as the baron outlined would compel the United States to invoke the Monroe Doctrine, and bring

(Concluded on page 3)

### NAVAL BATTLE TAKING PLACE OFF COAST OF PERU

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—Private advices to-day to prominent British shipping agents here from their correspondents in Valparaiso report that an engagement is now taking place off Yauyos, Peru, between British, German and Japanese warships. Press dispatches telling of a previous German-British naval engagement are confirmed in the message.

### RUSSIANS GAINED GREATEST VICTORY SINCE WAR BEGAN

Paris, Nov. 6.—Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces in the field, has sent a telegram to General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, saying the Russians gained in East Prussia the greatest victory since the beginning of the war.

Petrograd, Nov. 6.—The Russians have captured the Galician town of Jaroslav and have taken five thousand Austrian prisoners, according to a telegram received here from Lemberg.

Jaroslav is seventeen miles northwest of the Austrian fortress of Przemysl. The Austrian attempts to cut off the Russian attackers, the message says, finally have broken down and the Austrians now are in retreat along the river San.

### TURKS BOMBARDING SEAPORT OF BATUM

British Steamer Reported Sunk After Crew and Cargo Were Puf Ashore.

Amsterdam, Nov. 6.—The Vossische Zeitung has published a dispatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, saying that Turkish cruisers have bombarded the Russian fortified seaport of Batum, on the east shore of the Black Sea.

London, Nov. 6.—The Exchange Telegraph company has given out a dispatch from Liverpool, correspondent saying that the Turks have seized the British steamer Assout and City of Khris at Smyrna.

Constantinople, Nov. 6.—According to a Turkish official announcement one of the British warships bombarding the Dardanelles was struck by a shell from one of the forts and an explosion took place.

A British steamer, it is also stated, has been sunk off Alvali, Asia Minor, after the crew and cargo had been put ashore.

### BRITISH KILLED AT TSING TAU WERE TWO

Bombardment of German Fortress in Orient Continues, and Aeroplanes Drop Bombs.

Tokio, Nov. 6.—Complete casualty lists containing the names of the killed and wounded to date in the operations around Tsing Tau show that the British had two killed and 8 wounded, their wounded including two majors and that the Japanese had 200 killed and 878 wounded.

The official communication issued by the government to-day states that the bombardment of Tsing Tau continues. It also says that aeroplanes are dropping bombs and incendiaries into the besieged port. The circulars warn the inhabitants not to participate in the military operations in any way.

The Japanese general staff explains that the assault on the main positions around Tsing Tau, the Hts, Blasmark and Moitze forts, must be deferred until after the capture of the five forts south of the Haipo River, where, behind strong defences, the German artillery and infantry are making a determined stand. These five forts are 2,400 feet from the Japanese trenches.

(Concluded on page 3)

### HEAVY GERMAN GUN TAKEN BY BRITISH

Newfangled Mortar Won at Armentieres at Point of Bayonet

### THROWS PROJECTILE OF AN ENORMOUS WEIGHT

When Infantry Advanced British Jumped From Trenches and Defeated Them

London, Nov. 6.—The Chronicle's correspondent writes as follows from Northern France: "From the seawards the tide of war in Belgium has flowed to the south for two days. The Germans have been fiercely attacking the allied lines. Heavy reinforcements of the first line troops have been hurried up from Ghent and Bruges and thrown at once into the fighting. The German attack is especially severe at two points on Britain's longest line. An enormous infantry force has been hurled against Armentieres.

"The Germans launched two army corps against the allies position at Arras. The army, supported by a number of heavy guns at Armentieres, brought to bear against the British a new type of mortar which throws a projectile weighing several hundred pounds.

"The ground around Armentieres was too soft and yielding to sustain without artificial support the weight of this mortar. Under cover of the night the Germans dug a deep pit, filled it with concrete and mounted their gun upon a wooden platform. At dawn they got to work and raked the allies' trenches with high angle shells, projectiles from the mortar falling into the trenches."

"Despite the German elaborateness the results of the shelling were disappointing. They were far from cutting our soldiers to pieces as they had hoped. The shells from the newfangled mortar buried themselves deep in the parapets of the trenches, making holes where they struck and giving the British a mud bath.

"An officer whose regiment was exposed to the full effect of this mortar says the Germans did not put a single one of his men out of action."

The correspondent says that after shelling the British lines for three hours the German infantry advanced in close formation. British artillery stopped them and they proceeded to entrench themselves where they were under a terrific rifle fire from the British.

"Suddenly our artillery and rifle fire ceased. A low word of command ran along the trenches and the khaki-clad soldiers appeared above the ground. They clambered into the open. Others followed. First bayonets were fixed and the khaki swarms swirled forward.

"The coming of the British stimulated the German infantry into activity. They fired one volley. Then they sprang up and went to right about. One line sought to cover the retreat. With fixed bayonets they faced the advancing British.

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"Here a desperate, hand-to-hand struggle took place, the British devoting all their energies to capturing the gun. Its German defenders had fallen and the prize was in our possession."

Tokio, Nov. 6.—Completely casualty lists containing the names of the killed and wounded to date in the operations around Tsing Tau show that the British had two killed and 8 wounded, their wounded including two majors and that the Japanese had 200 killed and 878 wounded.

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Tokio, Nov. 6.—A Reuter telegram company dispatch from Amsterdam says: "A telegram from Berlin announces that the emperor in a cabinet order has promised a reward of 750 marks (about \$188) for each machine gun captured."

### While Fighting Continued All Day Enemy Made No Advance

Advance Consolidated on Andechy; Furious Fighting in the Argonne Results in Germans Being Driven Out With the Bayonet

Paris, Nov. 6.—The French official announcement given out in Paris this afternoon says: "There was no perceptible modification during the day of yesterday anywhere on the front. The fighting continued between Dixmude and the Lys with the same characteristics as previously and without any marked advance or retirement at any point. There was violent cannoneading to the north of Arras and also, directed upon Arras, without result for the enemy.

"Near Berry au Bac we have retaken the village of Sapigneul, which had been captured by the Germans. "There has been a furious fight in the Argonne, where as a result of the fighting with the bayonet, our troops drove the Germans back.

"In the Woerre district fresh attacks by the enemy have been repulsed.

"To the northeast and to the east of the Grande Couronne de Nancy, (the chain of fortified positions surrounding Nancy) in the region of the forest of Perroy, and between Baccarat and Diamond, our advance posts have been attacked by mixed detachments of the enemy whose movements everywhere were checked.

"Between the Somme and the Oise and between the Oise and the Meuse there have been minor actions. We

have consolidated our advance on the village of Andechy, to the west of Roye. A column of German wagons have been destroyed by fire of our artillery at long range, in the region of Napa to the north of the forest of Aigue.

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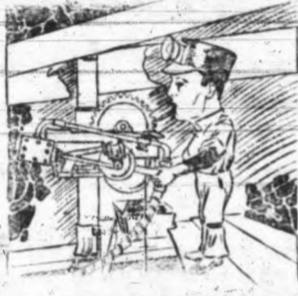
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**LATE NIGHT WAR NEWS**

HOW THE BRITISH NAVY IS GUARDING THE SEA: H. M. S. "LARK" ESCORTING A CHANNEL STEAMER

Though the navy has not yet induced the German fleet to come out, it has performed an immense service by keeping open the sea routes.

**BRITISH COLUMBIA TO FIND MOUNTED TROOPS**

Winnipeg District is to Organize Two Batteries for Overseas Service

Ottawa, Nov. 6.—The department of militia has decided to mobilize four new mounted regiments, one in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, one in Alberta, one in British Columbia, and one in Ontario. The following statement deals with the question:

"A curious development of the fight now going on in France is the suspension of the role normally assigned to mounted troops."

"The fact is beginning to leak out that the cavalry, armed with rifles, are in the trenches, fighting side by side with the infantry, their horses, it seems, having been withdrawn from the zone of fire, and the work of scouting has been entrusted to the flying corps."

"No official explanation has been vouchsafed, but there can be little doubt that the reason why the army council did not ask for the inclusion of cavalry, or mounted rifles in the second overseas contingent is to be found in the tactical situation which has arisen in Europe, in the western theatre of operations."

"But sooner or later things will change, and mounted troops will assume the role which, temporarily, they have abandoned, and elsewhere than in Europe there are localities (Egypt, for example) where in the immediate future they may be called upon to play an important part."

"It has, therefore, been decided to be ready for eventualities, and without further delay to mobilize four regiments of Canadian mounted rifles."

Winnipeg, Nov. 5.—Two batteries for overseas service are to be organized in military district 19. One of these will be composed entirely of Winnipeg men, and the others will be made up of men from outside points. Orders to this effect were received to-day.

**PRESIDENT OF FRANCE SAYS GERMANS REPULSED**

Poincaré, White War Minister, Praising Discipline of French Under Fire.

Paris, Nov. 6.—President Poincaré has sent a letter to War Minister Millerand in which he declares that after a long series of violent engagements the allies have repulsed the desperate attacks of the enemy.

The letter praises the discipline and tenacity under fire of the French soldiers and concludes: "I beg you, my dear general, kindly to transmit further communications to the general in chief, commanding officers of the armies; to the commanding officers of my army corps and to all the officers and under-officers. I have for all of them the same admiration. The army is worthy of the country, as the country is worthy of the army. France is invincible because she is sure of the righteousness of her position and because she has faith in her immortality."

SPAIN STAYS NEUTRAL BUT READY TO FIGHT

Paris, Nov. 6.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Madrid says:

"Premier Data declared in the chamber of deputies to-day (Thursday) that Spain would continue to observe the strictest neutrality and maintain friendly relations with all the belligerent countries."

"I do not believe Spain will be attacked," the premier said, "but if she is we will give our lives to save our country."

**AVIATOR IS BURNED TO DEATH WHILE IN AIR**

Aldershot, Eng., Nov. 5.—Aviator Busk, of the aircraft staff, was burned to death in midair to-day when a biplane which he was testing caught fire. While about 1,000 feet above the ground the biplane suddenly burst into flames. Busk tried to descend by gliding. He continued to descend for nearly a mile, the aircraft, meanwhile, blazing furiously. The aviator was burned to death before the machinery struck the ground.

**FIGHTING FOR POSSESSION OF POINTS ON RIVER LYS TOLD IN OFFICIAL REPORT**

Continuous Attacks for Five Days Developed Into Most Bit-terly Contested Battle Fought in Western Theatre of War

London, Nov. 5.—The following descriptive account, which has been communicated by an eye-witness with the general headquarters, continues and supplements the narrative published on November 3 of the movements of the British force and of the French armies in immediate touch with it:

"Nov. 1.—In spite of the great losses which they suffered in their attacks last week, the Germans have continued their offensive toward the west almost continuously during the five days from the 26th to the 30th of October. Opposite us it has gradually grown in intensity and in extent of application, as more men and guns have been brought up and pushed into the fight, and it has developed into the most bitterly contested battle which has been fought in the western theatre of the war."

"Nov. 2.—In the morning the Germans made attacks under cover of the usual bombardment, but each effort was repulsed with great slaughter. One of our trenches was carried and then recovered after a loss of 200 dead had been inflicted on the enemy."

"On our centre north of the Lys nothing of particular moment occurred. On the extreme left the advance was not pressed, and the enemy remained in possession of Beuvlaire. A night attack by them was repulsed. The next day the centres of pressure were, for the most part, our two flanks south of the Lys."

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**CHARLIE HOPE**

1434 Government Street. Phone 2689. Victoria, B. C.

**GERMAN WARSHIPS ARE SEEN ON NORTH SEA****CORPORATION OF THE DISTRICT OF OAK BAY****MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS**

The Voters' List for the forthcoming Municipal Elections is now being prepared.

Householders, Licenseholders, etc., who are desirous of having their names placed upon the list must make Statutory Declaration and file same with the Clerk of the Corporation on or before the 1st of December, 1914.

Declaration forms may be obtained at the Municipal Hall.

F. W. CLAYTON, C. M. C.

Oak Bay, B. C., October 31, 1914.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage dated March 15, 1914, and

**Watch Repairing**

How is your watch running, fast or slow? The chances are that it is capable of keeping accurate time, but it is not in good order. Watch repairing has always been a hobby with us. Bring your watch in. We can get it in order for you in a very short time. All our repair work is absolutely guaranteed.

**Little & Taylor**

Watchmakers, Jewelers, Opticians,

611 Fort Street.

**A Wonderful Bargain!****Heintzman & Co.  
Player-Piano**

(YE OLDE FIRME)

Eighty-eight note Player-Piano, bench, and 24 rolls of music of your own choosing: Price... \$775.00

\$50.00 CASH, AND \$20.00 MONTHLY

**GIDEON HICKS  
PIANO CO.**

Opposite Postoffice

Opposite Postoffice

**Don't Feel Uneasy**

While they are trying to spoil the present map of Europe, we will proceed to spoil the high cost of family groceries. Look at these prices and come here for your supplies:

25-lb. sk. Sugar..... \$1.55

6-lb. sk. Household and Em- press brands Flour..... \$1.50

25-lb. tin bright Flour..... \$1.00

One tin Baking powder given with each sk. Empress brand, the first quality Flour..... \$1.50

Local Potatoes..... \$1.15

Ashcroft Potatoes..... \$1.20

5-lb. best Onions..... 25

Cups fine Cape Cod Cranberries..... 25

Fancy Creamery Butter..... 25

Fancy Comox Butter..... 40

Finest Indiana Corn..... 35

Canned Peas..... 25, 30 and 35

Best Sockey Salmon..... 15

New Seeded Raisins..... 12

New Sultana Raisins..... 12

New Valencia Raisins..... 12

New Currents..... 14

New Dates..... 15

New Cut Pudd..... 25

Fresh Rolled Oats..... 25

Fresh Wheat Flakes..... 25

Fresh Cream of Wheat, 1 lbs..... 25

Fresh Oatmeal..... 25

2-lb. tin Soda..... 25

1-pkg. Corn Flakes..... 25

1-pkg. Grapes Nuts..... 14

1-pkg. Puffed Rice..... 14

1-pkg. Puffed Wheat..... 12

4-pkgs. Jolly Powders..... 25

Salt, per bag..... 25

Custard Powder, 15c tin..... 10

Pumpkin, 15c tin..... 10

San Juan Cleanser, pkg..... 25

San Juan Cleanser, in bulk, per lb..... 25

3-lb. Oysters, 25c tin..... 25

2c. Oysters (Creole)..... 15

45c. Oysters (canned)..... 12

Eastern Sardines, 4 for..... 25

Holbrook's (new pack)..... 25

1-lb. jar Molasses, if jar is restd..... 25

1-lb. jar Golden Syrup, if jar is restd..... 25

3-lb. tin Lard..... 25

25-lb. tin Lard..... 25

Libby's Pineapple, 2-lb. tin..... 25

Libby's Pineapple, 1-lb. tin..... 15

Gold Medal Poaches..... 14

1-lb. tin Marmalade..... 12

Large tin Custard Powder, all flavors..... 25

Our next list will appear here on Monday. It will save you money.

**ARMENIANS REGARD WAR AS ONE OF LIBERATION**

Russians Welcomed; Several Turkish Regiments Have Been Made Prisoners.

Rome, Nov. 6.—The Tribuna publishes a Petrograd dispatch regarding the operations of the Russians in Armenia. It also says that the Russian newspapers refer to Constantinople by the old Slavonic name of Tzargrad. The dispatch continues: "The Russians in Armenia are operating along a front of 160 miles. They entered Turkey by two routes, one column towards Erzurum and the other striking southward. The Armenians everywhere welcomed the Russians, regarding the war as one of liberation. Several entire Turkish regiments have been taken prisoners."

"Emperor William's cousin, Count von Schwerin, died at Lodz, from wounds received in an action near Skieriewick."

**SALVATION ARMY IS ARRANGING FOR RELIEF**

London, Nov. 6.—A special relief mission to Belgium is being organized by the Salvation Army. General Booth, who had, prior to this announcement, sent officers to obtain authentic information, says that the condition of a large part of the population is deplorable and that already Belgian Salvationists are doing good work at a number of scattered posts. They are therefore to be immediately re-enforced and receive financial aid.

General Booth considers it better to help these people in their own country rather than bring them to England, where employment would be difficult to find.

**CECILIE IS REMOVED TO HARBOR OF BOSTON**

Bar Harbor, Maine, Nov. 6.—The three months stay here of the interned North German Lloyd line steamer Kron Prinzessin Cecile, ended to-day when, convoyed by the United States destroyers Terry and Lamson, she started for Boston. The weather was fair with a moderate breeze, when the steamer with one other close astern, departed at 4 a.m. It was expected she would reach Boston late in the afternoon.

The change in the port of internment was made because it was believed anchorage here would be dangerous during winter storms.

**FAMOUS GERMAN GUN WAS KNOWN IN 1893**

The Hague, Nov. 6.—The famous German 42-centimetre gun which has been reported as a modern invention, appears to have been described in the German magazine Prometheus in the year 1893. The article at the time gave the weight of the gun and the velocity and effect of the shots, and this information was extensively quoted in scientific magazines issued during the same year.

**GERMAN MINISTER SAYS PRINCES NOT WOUNDED**

London, Nov. 6.—According to a Central News dispatch from Copenhagen, the German minister there, Count von Brookdorff Rantzau, has denied that the German crown prince and Prince Albert were either wounded or killed. He states that both are in the best of health.

**A CANADIAN TURK.**

Philadelphia, Nov. 4.—The action of the Turkish government in opening hostilities against Russia will bring a Canadian man into active participation in the European war. He is R. Douglas, a native of Nova Scotia, a one-time engineer of navigation at the Cramps shipyard, who, 12 years ago, was made a pasha by the Ottoman Porte and given an advisory position in the Sultan's naval cabinet.

**HE CAPTURED PARIS AND NEVER KNEW IT**

Von Kluck Arrested Eiffel Tower; Shells Missed Gothic, Dug Holes in Ocean

Paris, Oct. 30, via New York.—All the comic papers of Paris have disappeared. The Rire, the Sourire, and a dozen others that used to enliven the kiosques are no more. The ordinary newspapers print nothing to cheer the reader except a rare anecdote from the fighting lines which has a humorous side. The following sketch on the ways of the much attacked official Wolff Press Agency, taken from a Geneva newspaper, La Suisse, therefore scored beyond its merits, when reprinted in Paris:

"Everybody agreed that it was high time to refute certain audacious lies, propagated through the English press, with its usual perfidy, by a certain anonymous writer signing himself Joffre, who adorned himself with the title of generalissimo of the ragged French forces, although that army has ceased to exist for several weeks.

"A dispatch issued by the ministry of foreign affairs in Berlin has already shown that the position of the German troops before Paris is excellent, but I have been able to obtain further details from a high officer of the imperial headquarters staff, Baron von Tarc-Arhin. Here is exactly what has happened:

"(Wolff Agency) Gen. von Kluck's army captured Paris without noticing it and arrived at Vincennes on September 8, while I still believed it was at Fontainebleau. It marched through the deserted town; all the population having taken refuge in the sewers and subways, which partly explained von Kluck's error. On September 10, he occupied the Tuilleries. 'Anyway, where ever are we?' the general asked.

"A small Paris gamin, like all the French ever ready to guy any one, replied, 'At Barbizon.'

"At Saint-Cloud, on September 12, General von Kluck received a message from his comrade, von Buelow, saying in substance that he had moved so rapidly that contact between the two armies might be broken at any minute. Von Kluck decided therefore to move back, but without carrying off much booty, notably the Dome, the Invalides, the Eiffel Tower, the Strasbourg statue from the Place de la Concorde, the wings of the Moulin Rouge, the tall of the Rat-Mort, the door of the Tabarin, the Vendome column and the soles of Marguerite."

"He succeeded in forming a junction with the army of von Buelow on the evening of September 13, accompanied by 400,000 or 500,000 prisoners.

"A new difficulty then arose. The new 420 millimeter mortars were so powerful that their projectiles passed over Paris and dug holes in the Atlantic ocean. A shell even fell within a few miles of New York. President Wilson having protested against what he fallaciously deemed a violation of national rights, the order was given for the whole German army to perform a strategic retreat until their mortars would be at a suitable distance from the French capital.

"He commenced his withdrawal after taking prisoners all the bootless enemies who ventured imprudently on to the plains of the Marne. It is generally believed that the 420 pieces can at last be used from Berlin to annihilate what remains of the pitiable defences of France.

"Lovers of truth are requested to make the foregoing known all around them for the sake of humanity and civilization."

**SALANDRA ANNOUNCES NEW ITALIAN CABINET**

Men Selected to Guide Nation Believed to Be Pro-British in Opinions.

Paris, Nov. 5.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Rome gives the composition of the new Italian cabinet, completed to-day by Premier Salandra, as follows:

President and minister of the interior—Signor Salandra.

Minister of foreign affairs—Baron Sidney Sonnino.

Minister of colonies—Signor Martini.

Minister of justice—Vittorio E. Orlando.

Minister of the treasury—Paolo Carcano.

Minister of finance—Signor Danilo.

Minister of public works—Signor Ciccioni.

Minister of public instruction—Signor Grignani.

Minister of agriculture—Signor Cavasella.

Minister of war—General Zupelli.

Minister of marine—Vice-Admiral Viale.

Minister of posts and telegraphs—Signor Riccio.

The members of the new cabinet, of which the personnel was announced to-day, are believed to be pro-British and pro-French in their opinions. The portfolio were extended by Premier Salandra with the advice of Baron Sonnino, who is known to sympathize with the British.

The change in the port of internment was made because it was believed anchorage here would be dangerous during winter storms.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

**BRITISH WERE SAVED BY THEIR DOGGEDNESS**

Quality Prevents Gen. French's Army From Being Annihilated

By T. P. O'Connor  
(Foreign Letter to the New York Tribune.)

London, Oct. 22.—Owing to the extreme severity of the censorship and the expulsion of the war correspondents from the front the British public remains curiously ignorant with regard to the events of the war. Practically it has no news except such as is given in the scrupulously reserved communications from the French war office. The press bureau is singularly silent as a rule.

This has led to the curious result that there are no human documents which to-day excite greater interest, and in some places can even find a reader market, than the soldiers' letters. There is no paper in the country which does not come out with a column of two or three letters every day, and they are read with great eagerness.

It may be prejudice, but the first impression one gets from these letters, an impression produced on the French observers as well, is the extraordinary doggedness and coolness of the British soldier. Everybody now knows that General French's whole force was for two days within a mile of annihilation, and that if his troops had not been dogged, with splendid nerves and of great fearlessness, there would have been one of those terrible panics which invites the pursuing enemy to slaughter.

Plenty of the soldiers' letters make frank confession of the perturbation of nerves which a soldier feels when he is for the first time under fire. I have heard that all military writers have come to the conclusion in studying the psychology of the soldier—that whether it be necessary or not from pure strategy, it is always psychologically essential that soldiers should fire their rifles as soon as possible; it is the only thing that restores his nerves.

This view is confirmed by many passages in these soldiers' letters. One says:

"The first time we were in action most of us were a bit trembly, but as soon as a few men had retired hurt the nerves got in hand and our officers hadn't much use for their 'steady boys.'

"As you read the letters, you perceive more and more how this blood fury grows; until in the end such a kindly creature as the typical British Tommy Atkins becomes quite ferocious. Here, for instance, is an illuminating passage from one of the misses:

"I and four other wounded men got together and hid under some wheat sheaves. Presently one man put out his head to see if the coast was clear and was spotted by a German soldier. The fellow came towards us, and, grasping his rifle by the barrel so as to not to batter out my mate's brains when I whipped out my knife and springing up, jabbed it into his throat.

"We went down, and I with him, and by the time I had finished he was done for. I kept at his windpipe so as not to give him a chance to bawl for assistance.

However, amid these ghastly scenes, an unexpected point which I have already indicated stands forth. The first is that Tommy never seems to lose his spirit or his sense of humor, and that both before and after a battle he is the same comic self, with quaint views about everything, and especially about fighting, as he is when he is flirting with his sweetheart in London or Dublin.

"These fellows," a Frenchman writes about British soldiers, "go into battle as if they were going to a picnic, with laughing eyes and with cigars between their lips. One must have seen their immovable calm, their heroic sangfroid under a raft of bullets, to do it justice."

Another Frenchman is much amused when he hears the British soldiers shout, "Are we downhearted?" and the resounding "No" which follows it.

(Continued from page 1)

our country into conflict with Germany, but the baron only smiled.

Would ignore Monroe Doctrine.

"Think you," he said, "that with Great Britain eliminated as a world factor and the command of the seas in Germany's hands the Monroe Doctrine or any other doctrine would restrain us from collecting the reward of victory, and doing with it what we pleased?" Ah, my friends, you must consider that an outlet must be found for our rapidly increasing population, and that our people must be kept under the German flag to insure German domination.

"You have too many of our people within your borders now, Canada, with her enormous territory and vast resources, would solve many problems that are at present somewhat perplexing. We would, of course, not expect the United States to regard the population of Canada with German subjects as an act of aggression, but should she so regard it—" and the baron with a shrug of the shoulders left the sentence unfinished.

I have set forth the baron's remarks virtually verbatim. At the time I regarded his ideas as somewhat fantastic, but in the light of recent events they seem to partake of sufficient significance to warrant the



## THE DAILY TIMES

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### THE WAR.

The main interest in the western campaign centres on the German attempts to break through the allies' lines in the angle formed by Dixmude, Roulers and Ypres, the defence of which has been entrusted mainly to the British forces. It is reported that the Germans have massed five hundred thousand men on this front and it is estimated that the British strength must be in the neighborhood of three hundred thousand. There are plenty of reinforcements close at hand, however, and the Germans would not hold their numerical superiority very long, if at all. It is probable that within a couple of weeks there will be half a million British soldiers in Northern France and Belgium, which will be increased to a million early next year.

So far the German efforts to break through have been abortive. The invaders are using a new gun especially devised to fire upon trenches, but it does not seem to have the effect desired by the German commanders. Nevertheless the struggle in this region will equal in ferocity the conflict along the Yser, both banks of which are now held by the allies. The Germans are also attacking the allies' line north and south of Arres, but have made no gains.

The allies seem to be playing up to their part of the anvil for the Russian hammer. They are keeping the main force of the enemy busy in the west while the Russians are hammering the German armies into demoralization in the east. There the fighting has favored the allies all along the line. The Russians are firmly established in East Prussia; they have backed the Germans up against the Warthe in Poland; they are driving the Austrians against the Carpathians from eastern Galicia, and by capturing Jaroslaw they may renew their march upon Cracow.

The theory has been advanced that the intervention of Turkey will relieve the Russian pressure against Germany and Austria. This view, however, is not entertained in well-informed quarters in London. Russia has at least four army corps on her Turkish frontier, and with seven or eight million men under arms is strong enough to meet all-comers. It is scarcely likely that the Turks will attempt a serious demonstration against Egypt. The effect of such an operation would be to incite the Tripoli Arabs against Italy, which would bring that power into the war. In spite of the proclamations of neutrality by Greece, Roumania and Italy, the atmosphere in that region is becoming very torrid and an outbreak at any moment may be looked for.

### WHAT THEY WOULD DO.

If the Republicans regained office in the United States in the next presidential election probably the first thing they would do would be to overthrow the tariff and restore it to the condition it was in before the Wilson administration revised it.

Such a course would have a decided effect upon Canada's exports to the big market south of the line, which increased very largely immediately the last revised tariff went into operation. In fact, the advance in Canada's exports, to which Finance Minister White referred as highly satisfactory, was due almost entirely to the removal by Washington of the customs duties on natural products and substantial reductions on other goods. The demand for Canadian cattle has become insatiable, while the farmers of the Maritime Provinces have been able to find an illimitable market for their products in the New England States. Consular reports to Washington show to what extent the output of British Columbia shingle mills has established itself in the market of the coast states. Undoubtedly Canada has benefited immensely from the Underwood tariff,

### HOPELESS.

If there is any considerable element in Germany which believes the latest Potsdam legend that Great Britain began the war, it is too hopelessly incompetent to be at large. Berlin has accused four different sources in less than four months of precipitating the outbreak, and Germans of all classes profess to believe each in turn. Austria, backed by Berlin, attacks Serbia; Russia mobilizes to help Serbia; Germany declares war upon Russia; Germany attacks France; Germany invades Belgium, with the announcement that solemn treaties are worthless scraps of paper—and Germans expect the world to believe them when they say that Great Britain began the war! The German people, apparently like the German army, are automata who have surrendered their faculty of reason as well as their scruples into the gentle hands of the Junkers.

**UNEMPLOYMENT QUESTION**

It is unfortunate that engagements previously made deterred the attorney-general and Mr. Barnard from attending the meeting called on Tuesday evening to discuss the question of unemployment. The former is acting premier of the province, the latter is the local representative of the federal government in a general sense, and the subject of finding work for the numerous unemployed in the city should have been more than an academic interest. The provincial and federal governments can do a great deal towards relieving the situation. The former might begin the work on the reserve so glowingly promised us almost two years ago. It also should insist that the Canadian Northern Railway company, which it has so generously assisted with the public credit, commence the establishment of its terminals here. A dispute published a few days ago announced that the Canadian Northern company had obtained \$15,000,000 in London. All of this need not be spent on the mainland, and the government should see that a substantial proportion is devoted to the work on Vancouver island.

The federal government should take immediate action on the Esquimalt dry-dock contract. The delay in starting this work is inexplicable in view of the frequent announcements in the government press during the last six months that are early commencement would be made. All these works have been promised the people of this city, who have been buoyed up by periodical assurances that something was about to be done. If both governments find themselves financially unable to go ahead with their programme they should so say.

We are struck with the closing paragraph of Mr. Bowser's expression of regret at his inability to attend the meeting. It reads as follows:

"The government are not shirking their responsibility in the matter, but as they have to take the responsibility of handling public funds they must, of course, also be satisfied that the course that they are adopting is a proper one under the circumstances."

Our only comment on this is that if the government had shown any appreciation of its responsibility in the handling of public funds during the last ten years public works would not be at a standstill in this province today.

### NO CONFIRMATION YET.

Up to noon to-day confirmation from the admiralty of the reported naval battle off the Chilean coast was lacking. So far all the details that have been published have emanated from German sources. One detail, that the Glasgow and Ortao were bottled up near Coronel, has been shown to be false, although it should be pointed out that Admiral von Spee's report did not say that such was the case. It simply stated that the two vessels escaped in the darkness.

Moreover, the German story is silent as to the fate of the Leipzig and Bremer. If the engagement really occurred, those two cruisers may have gone in pursuit of the Glasgow and Ortao, in which event they would run the risk of encountering the Canopus, which, according to the admiralty, had been ordered to join with the King to Salisbury Plains. The news was of genuine importance to British Columbia and the Premier evinced characteristic forethought in having the fact cabled at once. It probably cost \$10 to send the message, but as the province pays all expenses cost is of no consequence. The great fact that Sir Richard McBride visited the Canadian soldiers in the entourage of King George has been announced, Sir Richard himself being the reporter, and thus the mysterious and surreptitious visit to London is explained and justified.

If the later German details are correct as far as they go, they show that every possible condition favored the enemy. They had a big superiority in numbers and an overwhelming advantage in artillery. Never again will they fight under such favorable conditions, but it is a great pity, if they have fought at all, that they were permitted to have them.

The incident brings home to Canadians, especially on the Pacific coast, the urgent need of adequate coast protection, for which this paper has been contending for years. Three or four Canadian cruisers of the Newcastle type, with destroyers and submarines,

should have been, and would have been, stationed here before this had it not been for the nefarious compact with the Nationalists. It is too late to do anything along this line while the present struggle is in progress, but as soon as it is over the Dominion must take steps to supply the need at once. It is significant that the German ships have kept away from the Australian side of the ocean. The prospect of a fight with the battle cruiser Australia, with her twelve-inch guns and her satellites of fast cruisers, destroyers and submarines, about the last thing they would relish.

As far as this coast is concerned, there need be no apprehension. Ample precautions have been taken by the admiralty to ensure its protection against a raid, but this means a wider distribution of the Pacific fleet, which would not have been necessary had we a unit of our own such as Australia has. But we should bear in mind that it is upon those precautions that we must rely. The Monroe Doctrine has no application. As a self-respecting nation and a part of the British Empire we have no desire to see it so distorted that it would apply.

### REMAINS INDECISIVE.

The prolonged struggle between Grand Duke Bowser and Field Marshal Stevens remains indecisive. The former occupied Spanish Banks and the latter gained ground at Kitsilano. Both sides are resting after their desperate exertions, bringing up reinforcements and filling the gaps in their ranks.

The tactics of the opposing leaders were very similar. Each resorted to the wide turning movement, one pivoting on Ottawa and the other on the Court of Appeal. Field Marshal Stevens plainly showed that he had profited from the lessons learned in the campaign in the Philippines, while Grand Duke Bowser closely followed the strategy with which his illustrious prototype won Jena. Each struck a shattering blow at the other's flank.

It might be well to explain the character of the operations. The Grand Duke on behalf of the province authorized the purchase of the Kitsilano Indian reserve for \$300,000, of which two friends in the regular army received \$80,000. But the deal was invalid because it was not carried out in pursuance of the Indian Act, and the only way in which it could be validated was by the passage of special legislation at Ottawa. But Field Marshal Stevens had desired to acquire the reserve for the Dominion for the purpose of incorporating it in a big scheme of harbor development which would help his political fortunes, so he outflanked the Grand Duke by using his influence at Ottawa against the extrication of his opponent from his difficulty. Thus Field Marshal Stevens made notable progress in the Kitsilano campaign. Of course he had the advantage in operating on ground—Ottawa—with which he was familiar.

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## Old Wellington Coal

the fuel which is conceded to be, and is, the best all round Coal mined on Vancouver Island.

It is the ideal fuel for every use—furnace, heater or range.

Let us fill your bin to-day.

## Kirk & Co.

1212 Broad Street. Opposite Colonic  
Esquimalt Road  
Phones 212 and 139

armies are menacing the German frontiers.

The feeling against Germany in the United States, despite the efforts of the Kaiser's apologists to divert it, is indicated by a statement in a leading American newspaper to the effect that Count von Bernstorff is received politely but frigidly in Washington society circles.

The Boston Transcript refers to the Kaiser as "the blood-smeared king of the carnival of crime."

### D'YKE KEN JOHN FRENCH.

By a Victoria Schoolboy.  
D'YKE KEN JOHN FRENCH, with his khaki suit, his belt and gauntlets and stout brown boot.

Along with his gun, and his horse, and his foot.

On the road to Berlin in the morning.

Chorus.

Yes, we ken John French, and old Joffre, too.

And all his men to the tricolor true.

And Belgians and Russians, a jolly good crew.

On the road to Berlin in the morning.

The Prussian Kaiser must be made to kneel.

The Prussian eagle must be made to feel the force of the bullet and the good cold steel.

On the road to Berlin in the morning.

For the mother's they stew, and the kids as well.

And for sundry things it's not fit to tell.

We've got to catch 'em and to give 'em hell.

On the road to Berlin in the morning.

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The

THE OLD ESTABLISHED  
DRUG STORE

## Has That Old Cough Returned!

Some coughs return with the first sign of wintry weather, and it is just for such coughs that

### Ferrated Emulsion

was made. It is one of the most effective cough cures we ever tried, and it is as palatable as it is effective. Only \$1.00 per big bottle.

*Cyrus H. Bowes*  
1228 Government Street

## "ZENITH"

Medium weight, all-wool, non-shrinkable Underwear is just the thing for the present cold weather, and "My, how it wears."

Ladies' Vests, slip-over, 75c  
Ladies' Vests, button front, at ..... 90c  
Combinations, only ..... \$1.75  
Children's Vests and Drawers, from 30c to ..... 75c

G. A. Richardson & Co

638 Yates Street.  
VICTORIA HOUSE

## If Your Roof Leaks

Let us repair with

**N.A.G.**  
ROOF COMPOSITION  
WATERPROOF  
FIREPROOF

Experienced men. Prices moderate.

**Newton & Greer Co**  
1326 Wharf St. Phone 887

## Join The Y.M.C.A. This Week

Whether or not Victoria's shield for another year depends upon the support YOU lend to the campaign for membership and subscriptions this week. Victoria won the shield last year. Vancouver and New Westminster are out to take it from us this year. They can do it unless YOU help us to hold it.

Each Dollar Subscribed Counts Two Points.

Each New Member Counts Two Points.

Put in your subscription this week. Induce your friends to join. Give a dollar or two. Get your friends to give a little.

Saturday Night the Contest Closes. HELP US TO WIN

OVER 65 YEARS EXPERIENCE  
**PATENTS**

TRADE MARK  
DRAVEN  
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion whether an invention is patentable. We also furnish gratis a copy of our book, "How to Secure Patents," sent free. Oldest agency for Canadian Patents. We have a large collection of Patents, and can supply them at reasonable prices. MUNN & CO. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A handomely illustrated weekly, Legal, civic, and scientific journal. Terms of subscription, \$2 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

Branche Office, 65 F St., Washington, D. C.

## BRIEF NEWS OF THE CITY

Wm. Stewart, Men's and Ladies' Tailor shop, Campbell building, corner Fort and Douglas streets.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

The B. C. Funeral Co.—Always open. Private parlors and large chapel. Reasonable charges for all services. 724 Broughton street.

For Fire, marine, automobile, liability, sickness and accident, plate glass, elevator and employers' liability, consult Gillespie, Hart & Todd, general agents for British Columbia. All claims settled and paid by our office.

A Large Dental Practice—built strictly on business principles which represent an honest effort, good material and a guaranteed result. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St.

Olson's Roses are the best.

Montrose Rooms—Bland street; are exceptionally well ventilated and heated. If looking for a bright cosy room for the winter months it will pay you to examine these. Special low rates are being asked.

Are Your Teeth Sound?—If not come in and let me examine them. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St.

Hanna & Thomson, Phone 498, Funeral Directors, 827 Pandora avenue. The expense of a funeral is a matter of your own desire. We attend to every detail of arrangements. Our home-like chapel free to our patrons. Lady attendant if desired. Calls day or night promptly attended.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

A Reliable Dentist—One who will guarantee all his work. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St. Open evenings.

Save by buying your Hardware and Groceries at The Shore Hardware Company.

The Umbrella Shop, 610 Pandora St.

Red Conditions in a Fire Insurance Policy means exceptions to British Columbian statutory form of policy. One "Red Condition," in event of loss, may prevent you from obtaining your money. J. L. Hackett, General Agent, Swiss Insurance Company, 115 Campbell Bldg. Phone 1980.

Painless Methods—for the extraction of Teeth. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St. Open evenings.

Fire Insurance in Board Companies Only.—J. L. Hackett, General Agent, Campbell Bldg. Phone 1980.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

After the War.—The general opinion prevails that after the war there will be an influx of people into Canada from the old world. Vancouver Island will get its share. Without the help of this movement we have sold 26 blocks of farming land to actual settlers in the past four months. This is because we have the best land, and can sell it at the lowest price and longest terms of any offered on the island. For further particulars call Carmichael and Morhead, Ltd., 608 Belmont House, Victoria, B. C.

Board Companies and Losses Paid

o. mottos. Hackett, Campbell Building. Phone 1980.

If You Want a Truck or Express Wagon, phone 693. Cameron & Caldwell, Phone 693, 520 Johnson.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Sands Funeral Furnishing Co., Ltd. Lady in attendance; charges reasonable. Phone 3306, day or night. Office and chapel, 1515 Quadra Street.

We Sweep Chimneys Thoroughly. It's our work. Stott & Caley. Phone 1512.

S. P. C. A. Annual Meeting of members, Wednesday, Nov. 18, 8 p. m., city hall.

Cut It Out with a pair of Wiss Scissors. They are made of crucible steel, are sharp and will stay sharp. All sizes, 35c to \$1.00. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

Skates, properly hollow-ground, 25c at Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant Street.

Sepia's the last word in fine photography. Just the thing for Xmas presents. The Skene-Lowe Studio, 654 Yates street, corner Douglas.

Now on Way.—The long-delayed physical and chemical supplies ordered by the city school board from Philip Harris & Co., Ltd., the well known Birmingham manufacturers and musical supplies from Curwen & Sons, the London music dealers, are now reported as on the way, the shipments having been held up on account of the war. The order was placed in June, but at the time when the goods should have been shipped, they were delayed in leaving, so the covering letter advises the board.

Skates, properly hollow-ground, 25c at Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant Street.

Gasoline, properly hollow-ground, 25c at Wilson's Repair Shop, 614 Cormorant Street.

Overseas Mail—A mail including 25 barrels of parcels, fourteen bags of letters, and one hundred and fifty-seven bags of newspapers, arrived here this morning from the British Isles, via Quebec.

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**CURRAH'S**  **SCURRAH'S**

## See These Three Smart Suits Marked Very Close

Take advantage of the opportunities we are offering this week-end to secure a suit of the very latest mode of splendid quality, at very easy price. Come in today and ask to see the three described below, and also the many others we are now showing.

AT \$2.50—A handsome navy serge suit with black velvet collar, wide lapels, bell sleeves; cape effect at back; skirt with wide band and cut out flares.

AT \$2.00—Pretty novelty weave in pheasant yellow, long coat, full effect, cut away in front, sleeves caught in at wrist; belt away, is brought in to make belt effect; skirt with long tulle.

AT \$3.00—Stunning Royal purple with long coat, made with high waist line and trimmed with self-covered buttons; slightly cut away in front; cut-out panel in front; skirt with slight flare.

**Scurrah's**  
FORMERLY CALLED  
DYNES & EDDINGTON  
Correct Hats & Garments  
for Women.

**S** 728 YATES ST. PHONE 3983

## PANTAGES THEATRE

UNQUALLED VAUDEVILLE

THREE SHOWS DAILY—\$1.70  
and \$1.50. Matinees 15c; evening,  
orchestra and balcony, 25c; boxes,  
60c. Three shows Saturday even-  
ing beginning at 6:30.

WEEK NOV. 2.

WALTER TERRY  
and

HIS FIJI GIRLS

"In Cannibal Isle."

FIVE JUGGLING MOWATS

JOE KNOWLES

"The Primitive Man."

LA TOURNAINE FOUR

GARDNER AND REVERE

A Real Variety Act.

TWO K RNS

"After the Fair."

## PRINCESS THEATRE

Phone 4625.

**TO-NIGHT**

P. B. Allen Presents

MISSES VERA FELTON

and

THE ALLEN PLAYERS

In

"Peg O' My Heart"

Prices: Evening, from 15c to 50c.  
Matinee Saturday, from 15c to 25c.  
Boxoffice open 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.  
Phone 4625.

Subscribe to Victoria Patriotic Fund

## Majestic Theatre

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

## The Devil's Signature

A Two-reel Mystery Drama.

## Generals of the Future

Numerous Military Scenes  
are the

## Headliners at the Majestic

**TO-DAY**

Four Other Beautiful Photoplays.

ADMISSION 10c.

## TO-NIGHT

JESSE L. LASKY presents

Edward Milton Royle's Interna-  
tional Success

"THE SQUAW MAN"

with

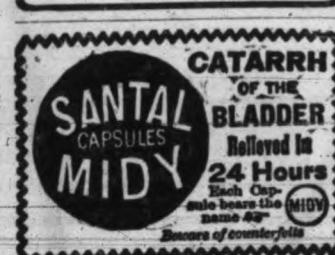
DUSTIN FARNUM

in the title role.

Six Reels of Superb Dramatic  
Action, and other features.

## Variety Theatre

"Where the Famous Players  
Play"



## All Millinery Marked Down to Clear

Many lines in Felt and Velvet  
Hats at exceptionally low prices.

Many Felt going at .50c

Children's Felt clearing at \$1.00,

\$1.25 and .85c

GIRLS' SERGE DRESSES

Marked down to clear. This is

an opportunity for you to save  
money.

**SEABROOK YOUNG**

423-625 Johnson St.

Bet. Government and Broad

The Store for better value and  
variety.

Phone 4740

**VICTORIA'S**

RICHEST ASSET

GREATEST PROBLEM

STERNEST PERIL

MIGHTEST FORCE

COSTLIEST OFFENDER

STRONGEST DEFENDER

and

HIGHEST HOPE

is Her

BOYHOOD AND MANHOOD

Help the

Y. M. C. A.

THIS WEEK

Houses Built at  
\$16 per Month and  
Upwards

Subscribe to the Patriotic  
Fund

**D. H. BAILE**

Cor. Fort and Stadacona Ave.

Phone 1140.

**A Most Valuable Food"**

At a time when the preparation of arti-

ficial foodstuffs is calling more atten-

tion than ever before, and when new

forms of easily assimilable fat to take

the place of codliver oil are being fre-

quently brought to the notice of the medi-

cal profession, it is desirable that some

of the older forms of administering nat-

ural fats should not be lost sight of.

Among natural fats, butter easily takes

first place for nutritive value, and when

combined with a suitable soluble car-

bohydrate, a most valuable food is pro-

duced.

The BUTTER SCOTCH which Messrs.

Gillard & Bowser (D'Ke's Road, Euston

Road, W. C.) have prepared for fifty

years is such an article, which has the

great advantage of being palatable, so

palatable in fact, that children are more

likely to need restraining from excess

than any persuading to take it. This

BUTTER SCOTCH is stated to contain

11.7 per cent. of fat and 75.3 per cent.

of sugar, and the results of analyses

which have made recently of scientific

men substantially confirm these figures;

further chemical examination of the fat

extract showed it to be genuine butter

fat. This product can therefore be re-

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## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.

Robertson is registered at the Empress from Vernon.

Dr. S. White, of Nanaimo, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

M. F. Hill is registered at the Dominion hotel from Vancouver.

Mrs. Neff and child, of Shawnigan Lake, are at the Dominion hotel.

W. H. Nelson, of Detroit, is among the guests at the Empress hotel.

Harry Devi is among the guests at the Empress hotel from Montreal.

G. C. Blandy is among the guests at the Dominion hotel from Alberni.

W. Garrett, of Vancouver, is among the guests at the King Edward hotel.

A. Gunther is registered at the Empress hotel from Hamilton, Ont.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Smith, of Toronto, are guests at the King Edward hotel.

A. O. Oldershaw is among the guests at the Dominion hotel from Vancouver.

George T. Pratt, of Winnipeg, is among the guests at the Dominion hotel.

T. Scott is here from Vancouver and is registered at the King Edward hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Baer are at the Empress hotel to-day from Pasadena.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Ruad, of New York City, are staying at the Dominion hotel.

Miss Margherita d'Auria is a recent arrival at the Dominion hotel from Vancouver.

G. Browning, of Vancouver, is staying at the King Edward hotel while in the city.

W. G. Dame is in the city from Toronto and is staying at the King Edward hotel.

A. N. Lewis is a guest at the King Edward hotel while in the city from Cowichan Bay.

H. A. Bayford is a Vancouver visitor in the capital, a guest at the King Edward hotel.

G. Slater is a Dawson resident making a short stay in the city. He is at the Dominion hotel.

Fred H. Pickles is among the newly-arrived guests at the Empress hotel from New York City.

G. H. Lipsett is in the capital from Vancouver and is registered at the King Edward hotel.

Lawson, J. W., Boyd, A. W., Wallbridge, M. B., O'Dell and Garfield Graham.

H. Parnell, of Rocky Point, has just returned from a visit to the Society Islands. He was present when Papuan was shelled by two German cruisers.

W. G. Dame is in the city from Toronto and is staying at the King Edward hotel.

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## THE VICTROLA AND THE FAMILY—NO. 3



# Father

says, "The Victrola has given more enjoyment to all of us than anything I ever bought--and at so comparatively small a cost, too.

"I've made quite a collection of Victor Records already: Caruso, John McCormack, Melba, Tetrazzini and nearly all the great singers and musicians as well as Harry Lauder and a lot of other popular singers are kept pretty busy now, entertaining in my home.

"I tell you what! Brown and Jones and the other fellows have nothing on me now. They can't brag to me about their Victrolas and classy records any longer, because I've as good as they have.



**Victrola IV \$20**  
With 15 double-sided, ten-inch  
Victor Records, \$33.50

Other Victrolas from \$32.50 to \$300 (on easy payments, if desired), and ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records at 90c for the two selections at any "His Master's Voice" dealer in any town or city in Canada.

Write for free copy of our 300-page Musical Encyclopedia listing over 5000 Victor Records. Ask to hear "It's a Long Way to Tipperary" the famous British Marching Song, on Victor Record No. 17639.

## Berliner Gram-o-phone Co., Limited



16 Lenoir Street  
MONTREAL

Victor Records—Made in Canada  
Patronize Home Products

FOR SALE BY

**Gideon Hicks Piano Co.**  
809 GOVERNMENT STREET  
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

### GERMANS' FIENDISH DELIGHT.

Sapper G. A. Bell, of the Royal Engineers, writes from the front to his sister stating: "The other night information was brought to the camp that the Cameron Highlanders had met with a disaster; and I was sent off immediately with a party of our chaps to go to their assistance. We were taken to a spot on a hillside, which reminded me of the caves of Cheddar, and which

had been shelled. The turf and earth were thrown up in all directions as the result of a bombardment. There were several large and small caves, and one of them had been used as a hiding place by the Germans. No doubt this was spotted by the Germans, for they directed their guns on it and it collapsed. The poor fellows were buried underneath many tons of earth. This happened early in the day, and although several attempts had been made

to extricate the men very little could be done, as the bursting of the shells on the same spot drove off the small rescue parties. I had to leave before the work was completed, but I helped to dig out two dead officers and several men. The position of these caves was well known to the Germans, for they had previously occupied them, and no doubt took a fiendish delight in smashing them up when they saw the Germans take shelter in them."

### ON FURLough FROM JAPAN

Rev. and Mrs. James Hind Pass Through Victoria; Engaged in Missionary Work.

En route to California on furlough, Rev. and Mrs. James Hind passed through Victoria yesterday on the Shidzuoka Maru. Mr. Hind is an Anglican missionary at Kokura, in the northern part of the island of Kyushu, Japan. In the twenty years that he has known that part of the island, his district, which adjoins the important port of Moji, has grown from a scattered agricultural district to be the centre of thriving industries, with three large towns. He has been stationed at Kokura for only part of the long period he has lived on Kyushu.

Mr. Hind stated that the Protestant churches in Japan were making considerable progress, and the number of native Christians was growing rapidly, the various church organizations all working with great energy. One of the best features of missionary work in Japan was the way in which a native Christian gathered new converts around him. This led to the rapid establishment of teaching stations, and aided forward the efforts of the missionaries.

The present government in Japan was very popular, Count Okuma having the confidence of the country in a degree which had been lacking in recent administrations. An endeavor was being made to check the corruption and waste which had been revealed by the naval and other scandals. The entrance of Japan into the great war appeared to have been dictated by a desire for recognition among the great powers when the time for rearranging the map of the world came. The Japanese press was strongly urging that the international importance of Japan should not be lost sight of in the final settlement. That Tsing-Tau would shortly fall was regarded as inevitable on all sides.

### HORSE OWNER WINS

Appeal Court Finds That Transfer of Valuable Stock Was a Perfectly Legal One.

An appeal court judgment in which owners of horses will be interested is that of Miss Mabel Smith, who has won her appeal from a supreme court judgment which deprived her of some valuable stock.

This was in the case of Koop v. Smith, argued here last June by J. W. deB. Farris for her and by W. E. Burns for Koop, a creditor of T. J. Smith. The appeal court allows the appeal, Mr. Justice Irving and Mr. Justice Galliher dissenting.

The appeal was from the decision of the supreme court sitting aside the transfer of a number of valuable horses from T. J. Smith to Miss Mabel Smith, his niece, who had acted for him as his housekeeper, the horses being transferred to her as payment for her services. At the trial, W. E. Burns argued that the transfer was an attempt to unlawfully transfer assets which should be available for the benefit of the estate.

Miss Mabel Smith, at the time of the trial, was too ill to attend and the decision went against her. She appealed and the court of appeal now holds that she is the rightful owner of the horses and that the transfer was a perfectly bona-fide one.

### CONVICTION IS UPHELD

Nanaimo Seller of Liquor Without License Has to Serve Sentence Given by Judge Barker.

It was argued by R. C. Lowe, of Victoria, before the court of appeal in Vancouver this week that there was no evidence that the beer exhibited to the court below in the case of Rex v. Rossi was an intoxicant, but the court held that the "very use of the word for the liquor supplied was enough for the judge to infer that what was sold was an intoxicant."

The appeal was taken from a decision of Judge Barker, in the Nanaimo county court, sentencing the accused to six months in jail on a charge of selling liquor without a license. It was heard, by the full bench and their lordships were unanimous in their judgment. V. B. Harrison, Nanaimo, argued the appeal on behalf of the crown.

Mr. Lowe, for the appellant, argued that a person who was the holder of a license, in other words, a licensee, in a municipality under a charge of selling liquor without a license outside of a municipality, could not on such a charge be sentenced to six months imprisonment; but that the only penalty which could be imposed was a suspension of the license or a fine.

Their lordships, however, held that the various penal clauses of the liquor license act were cumulative and would apply to a licensee as well as to any other individual.

### AN ALVENSENBERG COMPANY.

Standard Fisheries, Limited, is to Be Wound Up by Order of the Courts; Liabilities Are \$174,000.

One of the Alvensen, von Alvensleben subsidiary companies is to be wound up, an order to that effect having been made in Vancouver by Chief Justice Hunter on the application of one of the creditors, for whom R. K. Wakem was acting.

This is the Standard Fisheries, Limited, and it was represented by counsel that the liabilities of the concern amount to \$174,000, while the assets are mainly a large fertilizer plant and cold storage premises on Morley Island, Queen Charlotte.

The court granted the application,

and named Herbert Lockwood as liquidator.

"I must insist, Mr. Stager," said the pompous actor to the manager, "on having everything real in every scene of the play." "Very well," said the manager, "you insist on that you will be supplied with real poison in the death scene."

**Gordons**

739 Yates Street

## Values That Will Ensure a Busy Day at the Popular Store

### Coatings

Price Reductions for Saturday on High-Grade Ladies' Shoes

Ladies' Patent Leather Button Boots, with cloth tops, heavy soles and plain toe. Made by the Dorothy Dodd Shoe Co. All sizes and widths. Saturday price, per pair .....

\$1.75

Blanket Coatings, in mixed and plain colors; extra heavy quality. Regular \$2.90 yard. Sale price, yard .....

\$1.75

Four Pieces Only. Fine Blanket Coatings, in two-toned effects: 52 ins. wide. Sale price, yard .....

\$1.50

New Serge Dresses at Remarkably Low Prices

These come in two pretty styles that are up-to-the-minute in design. The colors are black, navy, sage, brown and sea-green. Both

are made in tunic effect with a pleat down the centre. Some are trimmed with roll collars of brocade silk vesting and colored cord silk. White others are trimmed with a small satin-faced stand-up collar at the back of the neck and also with a frill of shadow lace. These are indeed wonderful values at.....

\$5.75

Pure Linen Handkerchiefs Underpriced

These are made from a pure Irish linen and are all neatly hem-stitched around the edges. Why not get sufficient to last you for a long time, because you may not have such an opportunity again.

Ty-day's price, 10¢

each or 3 for.....

25¢

Millinery is Specially Priced for the Week

End

These are all extraordinary values, made after the very latest models. Included are velvet and felt shapes, trimmed in a large variety of styles. Black and white effects will be well represented. Make special point of seeing the display of these in the window to-day. Price .....

\$3.90

See the Window Display of These Shoe Bargains.

### Unusually Low Prices on Real Down Quilts

A large shipment of these genuine Down Quilts has just arrived. Light, cosy, warm, and in good quality and yet attractive coverings, these quilts form the finest values we have yet had the pleasure of offering you. The coverings include fine satin and art sateen in floral, old blue, willow and Paisley designs. There is no need to buy cotton filled Comforts now, with the real down filled quilts at such low prices. Make an effort to see these at your earliest convenience. Full bed size, prices from

\$5.00. Crib size, \$2.00

Main Floor

Knitted Mufflers Are in Demand This Weather

Better get one and help ward off the cold damp from your throat. We have them in all colors and many combinations. You can choose from knitted silk, wool, fibre and mixtures, finished at the ends with silk fringes. Prices are up.....

50¢

New Season's Handbags

Small pouch shaped bags are the correct thing for Fall. Black and all colors represented. Materials include moire silk, pin seal leather, and fine grades of leatherette. Prices from.....

75¢

New Mesh-Bags

Metal mesh bags are to be more popular than ever this season. We have just opened up some neat Mesh Bags of cast steel, oxidized silver and white metal. These are made in the newest and prettiest shapes at prices that range up.....

75¢

Special Value in Ladies' Gloves

These are the quantity of these genuine Nappa Gloves is limited, so you had better come and get yours early. We have them in tan only, in all ladies' sizes. These would sell in the regular way for \$1.25 pair. To-day, special at

\$1.50

Gordon's Special Corset

We have lately received a large shipment of this popular Corset, and we are now in a position to fit all required sizes. It is hardly necessary to point out the superior qualities of this corset, as it is so well known to the women of Victoria. The Fair model is, if anything, of finer quality than previous shipments. You had better come and let us fit you early, as we know there will be the usual big demand for them.

Gordon's Special .....

\$1.90

Unequalled Values in New Fall Coats

For a quick sale we have reduced a few dozen only of these Warm Jerseys. They are knitted from a heavy yarn, in the colors of navy, tan, cardinal and grey. Special price for

Saturday .....

\$1.90

Special Value in Ladies' Sweater Coats Reduced in Price

For a quick sale we have reduced a few dozen only of these Warm Jerseys. They are knitted from a heavy yarn, in the colors of navy, tan, cardinal and grey. Special price for

Saturday .....

\$1.90

Special Sale of Moire Underskirts

These are made in a neat style with accordion pleated edging. The material is a soft moire of speckled quality. Sage, navy, purple, wisteria, emerald, black, tan and brown are the colors you can select from. Market day special price .....

\$1.50

First Floor

Special Value in Ladies' Gloves

The quantity of these genuine

Nappa Gloves is limited, so you had better come and get yours early. We have them in tan only, in all ladies' sizes. These would sell in the regular way for \$1.25 pair. To-day, special at

\$1.50

Special Sale of Moire Underskirts

These are made in a smart Fall style, of splendid materials. They are made with military collars, and can be buttoned close to the throat. Mostly full length and straight front, and double fancy turned-back cuffs. Materials are medium and heavy weight, including all-wool, blanket cloths, tweed and frieze. Many plain colors and striped effects are shown.

Price .....

\$15.00

Smart Tailored Wash Waists, 40c

Price .....

10c

A Bargain in Satin Underskirts

Satin Underskirts, made in a very neat style, with pleated edge. Colors are pepper, black, navy, sage, cerise, Copenhagen, brown, emerald and wisteria. These are made of a fine quality satin, being guaranteed to be seventy-five per cent silk.

Price only .....

\$1.50

Ready-to-Wear Hats at Special Prices

Included are fine feits in all the wanted colors, trimmed in pretty, tailored effects. To clear

at .....

\$1.90

Taffeta Ribbons to Make a Quick Clearance—Many pretty shades in light and dark colors are represented here. The widths are 4 in., 5 in. and 6 in.

Price, yard .....

35c

Poplin, in such colors as green, navy, black, brown, tan and indigo. Price, yard .....

50c

Fine Herring Bone Tweed, in navy, black, grey, bottle green, maroon, brown and heather. Very suitable for Fall coats or suits. Price, yard .....

55c

Stationmaster—"I think someone will get into trouble on account of that train starting three minutes late." Assistant—"Why?" Any of the passengers complaining? Stationmaster—"No, but the restaurant man says he'll make it hot for whoever is responsible. The passengers have had time to eat what they paid for."

## &lt;h3

15c, 20c Player  
and Gold Flake  
Cigarettes

5c

10c. and 15c  
Cigars

3c

Pipes, worth 75c,  
**14c**

15c. Corn Flakes.  
Kellog's and  
other brands.

7c

10c and 15c Shoe  
Polish

**2c**

20c and 25c doz.  
Oranges

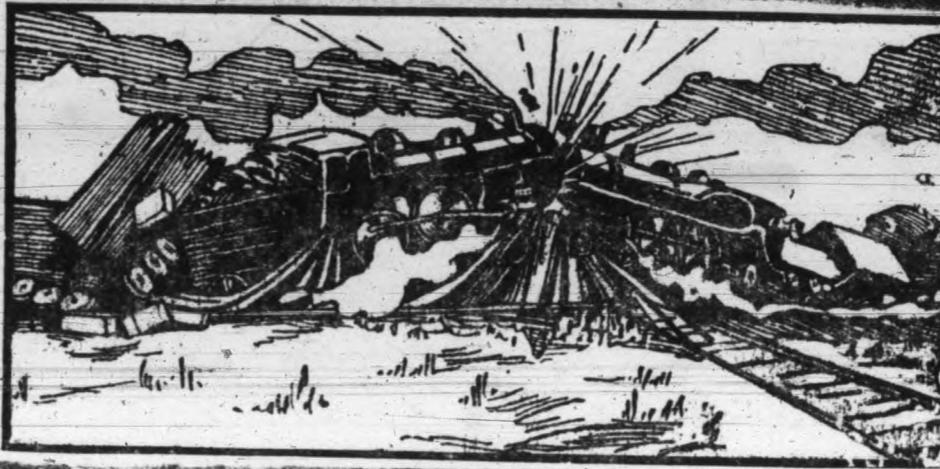
**9c**

Come with the  
crowds. More  
cases opened up  
for to-morrow.  
New lines and  
lots thrown on  
the bargain  
counter



# STUPENDOUS Beyond Conception

With a wild rush the people of Victoria and surrounding country made and forced their way into the great Wreck Sale which is the talk of all Victoria. Long before the hour of opening thousands of people had gathered in the door ways and on both sides of the street. At the stroke of 10, when the doors were thrown open, the store was soon engulfed with a tidal wave of eager buyers that almost swept away the large plate glass windows, which necessitated the service of part of the Victoria police department to try to stem the tide of the surging sea of humanity that swamped the store and overflowed the sidewalk with excitement. Read the prices. See the picture. It tells the story mightier than the pen. Come. Doors open at 10 a.m.



\$1.00, \$1.50 Boys'  
Hats

**29c**

10c Cans Stove  
Polish

**3c**

Fine Ties, all styles,  
worth to 50c.

Now

**5c**

20c Cans Cocoa

**7c**

Grasp this gold-  
en opportunity  
to save money.  
Doors open to-  
morrow at 10  
a.m.

## LOOK! READ! CLOTHING GIVEN AWAY

Thousands of Suits, Overcoats, Raincoats and Pants to Be Sacrificed—Come. Buy Two or Three  
Suits for the Price of One

### MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S FINE SUITS, DAMAGED.

Suits that sold up to \$15.00.	<b>\$1.95</b>
Wreck price.....	<b>\$8.95</b>
Hundreds of Men's High-Collared Suits and Overcoats, worth up to \$20.00. Wreck price.....	<b>\$8.95</b>
Men's Finest Dress Suits, for Sunday wear, made of fine Tweeds, Worsted, Cheviots and Serges, by the world's best manufacturers. Suits that sell to \$30.00. Wreck price.....	<b>\$9.85</b>
Men's Suits, made to sell retail at \$25.00; big assortment, all colors; some slightly soiled. All thrown out at the ridiculously low price of.....	<b>\$7.89</b>

Ask to See This Lot

### MEN'S PANTS, SOME DAMAGED

that sold to \$3.00; suitable for work.	<b>49c</b>
Wreck price.....	<b>\$1.29</b>
\$3.00 and \$3.50 Corduroy Pants.	<b>95c</b>
Wreck price.....	<b>\$1.98</b>
ODD COATS	
Wreck price.....	

### MEN'S FINEST DRESS PANTS

That sell from \$4.00 to \$6.00.  
For.....

1,000 Pounds of  
Sugar, lb., 5¢

35c and 50c  
Brooms, at 9¢

**4c**

## GREAT WRECK SALE

Railway Salvage Brokers Cor. Yates and Government St.

Look for  
Name  
Above  
Doors  
Before  
Entering

Look for  
Name  
Above  
Doors  
Before  
Entering

**4c**

## Princes and Warriors Who Fight For the Empire

### Some Personal Notes About the Native Rulers of India Who Are Sending Troops to the Front.

The magnificent tribute of loyalty and devotion to the Imperial government which has been paid by the chiefs of the Native States of India, has brought into prominence many personalities who are little known to the British public, though some of them are known by name.

This manifestation of anxiety to serve the Imperial government has been, in one form or another, universal; every State and every ruler has offered something, either alone or in combination with others.

The offers of men and money, are accompanied by offers of personal service, many of which have been accepted, so that the Indian expeditionary force will be led into the field by the hereditary and tribal chiefs to whose incentive the men have responded, with unanimity and enthusiasm.

Herewith are some personal notes relating to the chiefs who have come to the aid of the Empire in this grave emergency, taking first those who have offered, in addition to material contributions, their personal services in the campaign.

His Highness Aga Sultan Sir Mohamed Shah, Aga Khan, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., has no territorial possessions, but is the spiritual head of the Khoja community of Mohammedans in Western India. The Khojas, or Kavas, "honorable converts," belong to the Ismailia sect of Shahi Mohammedans, and owe their origin to Hasan Sabah, an Ismailian teacher of the eleventh century, known to the Crusaders as the Old Man of the Mountain, about whom many strange legends are told. His Highness's large revenues are chiefly derived from the offering of his adherents, annually conveyed to him by his agent, and his principal seat is in Bombay. His Highness is highly educated and has traveled widely. At the outbreak of the war he was at Zanzibar, and he at once hurried to England to offer his services to the government, even to serve in the ranks of any Indian regiment going to the front. He is thirty-four years of age, and he is recognized as the temporal head of over sixteen millions of Mohammedans in India. He attended the coronation of King George.

The Maharaja of Jodhpur.

Hon. Major-General his Highness

Maharaja Bahadur Sir Pratap Singh, G.C.S.I., G.C.V.O., K.C.B., L.L.D.

is the principal Mohammedi-

an state in the central Indian agency, and ranks next

in importance to Hyderabad among the

Mohammedan states of India. Its area

is 6,936 square miles; the population is 665,000, principally Hindus.

The Rajkumar of Cooch Behar.

The present ruler is His Highness Maharaja Jitendra Narayan Bhupadur. His brother, Rajkumar Hitendra Narayan, has volunteered for the front, and accompanied the expeditionary force.

Cooch Behar is a monogamous people, spread over 1,367 square miles in the Bhagalpur division of Bengal.

Rajkumar

is an honorary aide-de-camp to his father, the king-emperor, and

honorary colonel of the 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).

He succeeded in 1886 at the age of ten years, and has honorably served the empire on several notable occasions, including the Chitral relief expedition and the Tirah expedition. He supplied and fitted up a hospital ship for the Indian sick and wounded in the Chitral expedition of 1895, personally supervising the fitting out of the Gwalior, making five voyages from India to China and conveying over 900 sick. The Gwalior Imperial troops now consist of 1,887 cavalry, 1,794 infantry, including a transport corps of 446. In addition to being a keen soldier, his highness is a most enlightened administrator. He rules over 29,047 square miles of territory and a population of about 3,000,000, mostly Hindus. He has again offered his hospital ship jointly with the Regum of Bhopal, and he has offered to supply thousands of horses as remounts.

The Mir of Khairpur.

Mr. Ghulam Ali Khan of Khairpur rules over 6,050 square miles, and a population of 531,888, nearly equally divided between Mohammedans and Hindus.

The Maharaaja of Patiala.

His Highness Maharaja Dhiraj Singh, K.C.S.I., is a member of the Sidhu clan of Jats. His state ranks first among the states of the Punjab, with a population of 4,642 square miles in extent, with a population of about 1,660,000, of whom 55 per cent are Hindus and the rest Sikhs and Mohammedans. He is 23, and was educated at the Aitchison Chief's college at Lahore.

The Sahibzada of Bhopal.

The Sahibzada Nasir Ali Khan, of Bhopal, is heir-apparent to a state of 892 square miles, with a population of 531,888, nearly equally divided between Mohammedans and Hindus.

The Nawab of Sachin.

Nawab Sidi Ibrahim Mahomed Yakub Khan is an Abyssinian by descent, and 28 years of age. He served in the Imperial Cadet corps, and has a thorough military training.

The Maharaaja of Kisanghar.

Major His Highness Maharaaja Sir Madho Singh, Bahadur, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., is a Rather Rajput, 30 years old. His state covers 558 square miles and has a population of 263,000.

The Sahibzada of Palampur.

His Highness Maharaaja Udaybhan Singh Bahadur is a Jat by caste, a Hindu by religion, and 21 years of age. His state covers an area of 1,155 square miles, and has a population of 3,158,126.

The Nawab of Jaora.

Major His Highness Nawab Sir Muhammed Ifthikhar Ali Khan, K.C.I.E., is second to no Indian ruler in the enlightenment and efficiency of the administration of his state of 22,500 square miles, one of the largest states of Rajputana.

He belongs to the ancient and chivalrous Rathor clan of Rajputs, was born in 1880, succeeded in 1887, and was educated at the Mayo College at Ajmer. He supplied a camel corps of 500 Rathor Rajputs in 1889 for imperial service, and the same corps served with the Chinna expedition, and has now gone to the front in France. He is aide-de-camp to the king-emperor, and hon. colonel of the 2nd Lancers. His people number 584,000, chiefly Hindus.

The Nawab of Bikaner.

Hon. Colonel His Highness Nawab Sir Gangaji Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., is a Rathor by descent, and is 31 years of age. His state, founded early in the nineteenth century, covers an area of 568 square miles, and contains a population of 76,000.

The Maharaaja of Dholpur.

His Highness Maharaaja Udaybhan Singh Bahadur was born in 1880, succeeded in 1887, and was educated at the Mayo College at Ajmer. He supplied a camel corps of 500 Rathor Rajputs in 1889 for imperial service, and the same corps served with the Chinna expedition, and has now gone to the front in France. He is aide-de-camp to the king-emperor, and hon. colonel of the 2nd Lancers. His people number 584,000, chiefly Hindus.

The heir-apparent of the Nawab of Patiala is Shahzada Jaiye Muhammed Khan, who is a Rathor Rajput, 20 years of age. His state covers 1,315 square miles and has a population of 3,158,126.

The Nawab of Idar.

Hon. Major-General His Highness Maharaaja Jaiye Muhammed Khan, who is a Rathor Rajput, 20 years of age. His state covers an area of 1,178 square miles and has a population of 350,000. He has frequently visited Europe for the benefit of his health, and was present at the coronation of King George. He offers "all I possess," gave his motor-car, and proceeded to raise a new regiment.

The Nawab of Baroda.

His Highness Maharaaja Dhiliraj Tu-kaji Rao Holkar Bahadur, maharaja of Indore, is twenty-four years of age, was educated at the Mayo College at Ajmer, joined the Imperial Cadet Corps at Dehra Dun, but had to return home owing to indifferent health. He continued his education in administration under British officers, and in 1910 visited Europe, and attended the coronation in the following year. He is a good horseman and shot, and excels at lawn tennis. The great Maratha state of Indore lies to the north and south of the Narbada river in the central Indian agency, with an area of 9,500 square miles and a population of 4,560,000, mostly Hindus. He has offered all the horses in his state

to the Boer war sixty horses for mounted infantry purposes, were accepted from his highness and sent to South Africa.

The greater part of the state of Baroda lies in the plains of Gujarat, one of the richest and most fertile districts of India; its total area is 8,099 square miles, with a population of 2,000,000, of whom over three-quarters are Hindus. The Gaekwar Khandesh was loyal to the government in 1857. The present chief, Sir Sayaji Rao Gaekwar, was selected by the widow of Khandesh Rao in 1875 from among the descendants of Pilaji, a former rao, being then thirteen years of age, and at the Delhi durbar of 1877 his highness was invested with the title of Farzand-i-Khas-i-Dalant—a designation

which was given to the government in 1857. The present chief, Sir Sayaji Rao Gaekwar, was selected by the widow of Khandesh Rao in 1875 from among the descendants of Pilaji, a former rao, being then thirteen years of age, and at the Delhi durbar of 1877 his highness was invested with the title of Farzand-i-Khas-i-Dalant—a designation

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# GREAT WRECK SALE

A terrific wrecking and smashing of prices. Nothing like it before. Thousands and thousands of dollars worth of Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Tobacco, Groceries, Jewelry, Children's Wear, etc., are being practically given away in this never-to-be-forgotten butchery. Come. Don't miss it. One dollar buys \$2, \$3 and even \$5 worth of merchandise. Read. Read.

## MEN'S FINEST HATS

Worth to \$4.00, including Stetson make. Wreck price ..... **98¢**

Christy Stiff Hats, worth from \$3 to \$5. Wreck price ..... **29¢**

## TERRIFIC PRICE CUTTING THROUGHOUT THE STORE COME

## MEN'S HATS

Soft or stiff, suitable for work; worth \$2.00. Wreck sale price, only ..... **69¢**

Men's Fine Dress Shirts, including flannel shirts, worth to \$2.50. Wreck price ..... **78¢**

Men's Fine Raincoats, worth to \$10.00. Wreck price ..... **\$2.95**

Slicker Coats, worth to \$3.50, slightly damaged. Wreck sale price ..... **69¢**

## GROCERIES

15c Canned Peas and Tomatoes. Wreck price ..... **5¢**

Old Dutch Cleanser. Wreck price ..... **5¢**

## RAILWAY SALVAGE BROKERS Occupying Large Double Store

50c and 75c Underwear. Wreck Price

**19c**

\$3.00 Sweater Coats. Wreck price

**89c**

\$3.00 and \$3.50 Suit Cases

**\$1.29**

\$1 and \$1.50 Watches for

**49c**

Men's Shirts, to \$1. Price

**19c**

Gloves, worth to 50c. Wreck Price

**9c**

15c and 25c Shop Caps. Wreck price

**5c**

# GREAT WRECK SALE



Scene Taken During the Day at a Low Ebb. Thousands Had Already Entered and Were Amply Repaid for Braving the Crowds.

## THE DEVIL'S DOCTRINE



The Krupp-Kaiser-Junker Combination and Germany's Downfall.

A. CONAN DOYLE in London Chronicle.

I have been interesting and exasperating myself, during a most untimely illness, by working through a part of the literature of German imperial expansion. I know that it is only a part, and yet when I look at this array—Treitschke and Bernhardi, Schleemann and Hesse, Bley, Sybel, Grossmann and Deutschland and Germania Triumphans—it represents a considerable body of thought. And it is the literature of the devil. Not one kindly sentiment, not one generous expression, is to be found within it. It is informed with passionate cupidity for the writer's country and unreasoning, indiscriminate hatred and jealousy towards everything outside it—above all towards the British empire. How could such a literature fail to bring about a world coalition against the country which produced it? Were there no Germans who foresaw so obvious a result? The whole tendency of the doctrine is that Germany should, with the fashion, dismember the world. Not a word is said as to the world suddenly turning and dismembering her. But was not that the only protection against such monstrous teaching, as these books contain?

The Virus of Madness.

You may object that these imperialists were not a group of monomaniacs and did not represent the nation. But the evidence is the other way. They represented that part of the nation which counts in international politics—they represented the kaiser and his clique, von Tirpitz and the navy men, Krupp von Bohlen and the armor-plated gang, the universities where

presence on the continent even if it could come, was immaterial.

Britain herself was absolutely decadent.

British commerce could be ruined by the German cruisers.

The United States would fail upon us if we were in trouble.

Canada and Australia were longing to break away from the empire.

India loathed us.

The Boers were eager to reconquer South Africa.

The empire was an artificial collection of states which must fly to pieces at the first shock.

This was the nonsense which grave Berlin professors of history ladled out to their respective students. The sinister Treitschke, who is one of half a dozen men who have torn down imperial Germany just as surely as Roentgen and Maxi built it up, was

the arch-priest of this cult. Like Nietzsche, whose moral teaching was the supplement to the pan-German materialist doctrine, Treitschke was not, by extraction, a German at all. Both men were of the magnetic Slav stock, dreamers of dreams and seers of visions—evil dreams and dark visions for the land in which they dwelt. With their magic flutes they have led the whole-blind, foolish, conceited nation down that easy, pleasant path which ends in this abyss.

Pan-Germanism.

Where, now, is that "deep, patient Germany" of which Carlyle wrote?

Was ever a nation a soul so perverted, so fallen from grace? Read this mass of bombast—learned bombast of professors, vulgar bombast of Lokal-Anzellers and the like, but always bombast. Wade through the prophetic books with their assumption that Britain must perish and Germany succeed her; consult the scolding articles and lectures, so narrow, ungenerous and boastful in their tone, so utterly wanting in the deeper historical knowledge or true reading of a rival's character; see the insane pan-German maps, with their partitions of Europe for the year 1915 or thereabouts; study the lectures of the crazy professors, with their absurd assumption of accurate knowledge and their extraordinary knack of getting every fact as wrong as it could possibly be. Take all this together, and then say whether any nation has ever in this world been so foolishly and utterly misled as have the Germans.

I have alluded to their knack of getting everything wrong. It is perfectly miraculous. One would not have thought it possible that people could always be wrong. So blinded have they been by hate that everything was distorted. Never even by accident did they stumble upon the truth. Let us take a list of their confident assertions—things as self-evident that they were taken for granted by the average journalist:

"The British army was worthless; her

dukes may live, to see the day when

they will not be the victors, but when the reconstruction of Germany begins and she comes once again as a chastened

borrower into the market-place of the world it would be well to have some assurance as to how far she retains

Indian princes ride as conquerors down Unter den Linden and the shattered remains of the braggadocio statues of the Sieges Allee, that vulgar monument of bastard imperialism, will explode the honored ashes of Louvain.

— Britain, the Hated.

But the stupidity of it all—that is the consideration which comes in a wave to submerge every other aspect of the matter. For consider the situation: as lately as 1897 the European grouping was clear. The antagonists were already ranged. Russia had definitely taken her side with France; Poland had definitely taken her side with France; against them, equally definitely, were Germany and Austria, whilst Italy clearly was on an orbit by herself. War sooner or later was a certainty. Unattached, but with a distinct bias to Germany, lay Great Britain, the richest

and most vital urgency may justify anything in the nature of repudiation of debt.

This is not to be done on account of inability to pay the debt, but through a deliberate, cold-blooded plot to weaken the creditor by robbing him of his property.

What Germany Hoped For.

Modern Germany has been largely built up by foreign capital.

In war, if Germany is conquered the debt necessarily holds good.

But if Germany wins, part of her reward of victory is the complete repudiation of all debts.

Thus the glorious or inglorious prize of success would be that all her vast industrial plant would be freed from every encumbrance, a free present from the enemy.

This example, they hope, would lead other nations to do the same, and so still further ruin the finances of England and France, which are the great lending nations of the earth.

They frankly admit that such a coup would make it very difficult for these nations to borrow money again, but on the other hand, they would have

made such an immense profit over the transaction that they would be able to go on for many years without any need of more capital.

To secure so stupendous a result as this," said the American professor, "is well worth the expenditure of money for building a fleet.

That money, so far as the German nation is concerned, is merely invested in an enterprise from which they confidently expect returns perhaps a hundredfold."

As to the morality of this transaction, the professor, who has certainly no anti-German bias, expresses their views very plainly. It is the same as Frederick the Great's views as to the morality of treaties which have decided with such fatal effect upon his successor on the Prussian throne.

Once admit such anti-social theories

and their is no end to their application.

Here it is in the domain of economics just as shameless as in that of politics.

"Once more," says the professor, "the Germans hear around them our cries against the morality of this procedure. The Germans refuse to recognize as moral anything which jeopardizes their national existence."

They are to be the judges of what these are, and if repudiation of debt is considered to be one of them, then all debt may be repudiated.

They will not put their views into practice this time because they

will not be the victors, but when the reconstruction of Germany begins and she comes once again as a chastened

borrower into the market-place of the world it would be well to have some assurance as to how far she retains

these views upon commercial morality.

Shattered Opportunities.

But I have vision of really chastened Germany, of the Germany which has sloughed off this wicked nonsense, which has found her better self again and which is once more that "deep, patient Germany" with which I began this article. She never can be now that she could so easily have been. She could have continued indefinitely to extend from Poland to the Vosges, a vast community, honoured by all for industry and for learning, peaceful, prosperous population, and a Colonial system which, though smaller than that of nations which were centuries older in the field, would at least be remarkable for its short life.

None of these things would the world have grudged her, and, in the future as in the past she would have

found in the British Dominions and in Great Britain herself an entry for her products as free as if she were herself part of the Empire.

All this must be changed for the worse, and it is just that she should suffer for her sins. The work of 60 years will be destroyed. But will not the spiritual Germany be the stronger and better? We cannot say. We can but hope and wait and wonder. What is sure is that the real Germany, of whom Carlyle spoke, can never be destroyed. Nor would we desire it.

Our wrath is not against Germany, but against that Krupp-Kaiser-Junker combination which has brought her to such a deadly pass.

Krupps, the gunmakers, employ in normal times of peace 80,000 workpeople and nearly £2,000,000 profit per annum, and spend about £350,000 a year on their work-people's pension, holiday and Christmas funds.

## A TERRIBLE BATTLE.

In the course of a letter home from the fighting line, an infantry officer states that "lately we have enjoyed a much more peaceful existence, but I fancy we shall soon be at it again. The beggars must go; if only you could realize the damage done by them you would stand agast; they ransack everything, and all eatables are quite out-of-the-question. We are eagerly looking forward to our friends from across the far seas, and hope to see them alongside very shortly. Yes, this battle of the Aisne is a terrible one, and still continues; the Germans rely greatly on their heavy guns to help them through, and now simply will not face our infantry if we are strongly entrenched. Vive les Allies, now, is quite a common toast; the French and English Tommies do on another, and exchange tobacco and food and all manner of things. Sometimes one manages to get plenty of vin blanc on the rough abundance; at other times it is useless, the villages have been pillaged par les barbares."

## Ready Help

In time of physical trouble caused by indigestion, biliousness resulting from torpid liver, inactive bowels, it is always given quickly, certainly, safely by the most famous of family remedies

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World  
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents

## Your Help Is Needed Badly

Your help, and the help of every man in Victoria is needed to help the Victoria Y. M. C. A. retain its leadership in point of members and money. Here is an institution that Victoria can well be proud of. An equipment that cost \$140,000, the best that can be had, devoted to building the right kind of manhood. This equipment is practically dedicated for one year to any man, who pays ten dollars for membership this week.

Every new member added this week; every dollar subscribed, means a step nearer to the winning post for the Victoria Association. The shield given by Lieutenant-Governor Paterson last year, to be held by the association gaining the largest number of members in a given time, is at stake. We have it now. We can hold it if you will help.

Join The Y.M.C.A. Yourself, Induce Your Friends to Join and DO IT NOW

**Don't Neglect THROAT Troubles**

because the swollen glands and inflamed membranes often affect other tissues and impair their healthy action.

SCOTT'S EMULSION affords great relief because its cod liver oil is speedily converted into germ-resisting tissue—the glycerine is curative and healing, while the combined emulsion strengthens the lungs to avert lung trouble.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES AND INSIST ON SCOTT'S

50c and \$1.00 Cuff Buttons

**14c**

\$5.00 and \$7.00 Solid Gold Filled Chains

**\$1.95**

10c T. & B. Smoking Tobacco

**4c**

\$3.00 Razor

**49c**

15c Coal Shovels

**3c**

25c and 35c Wool Sox

**12c**

## FINE TIES

All styles, worth to 50c. Now 5¢

\$7.50 Trunks, slightly damaged. Wreck price ..... **\$2.89**

\$5 and \$7.50 Suit Cases and Handbags. Wreck price **\$2.89**

\$1.00 and \$1.50 Flannel Work Shirts for ..... **49¢**

5c to 15c Handkerchiefs. Wreck price ..... **.1c**

Overalls, worth \$1.00, soiled. Now ..... **33¢**

\$2.00 and \$3.00 Comforters and Blankets. Wreck price ..... **\$1.29**

## MEN'S SUSPENDERS

Regular 35c and 50c. Wreck price ..... **.9¢**

## SENSATIONAL SHOE BARGAINS

# SPORTING NEWS

M'BRIDE SHIELD ONCE MORE UP

PEDEN CUP SERIES TO-MORROW

Wards Likely to Have Name Engraved on Soccer Trophy; Line-ups of Local Clubs

Vancouver, Nov. 6.—The next meeting of the provincial executive of the British Columbia Football Association will be held at the Y. M. C. A. on November 14, when the McBride Shield will again be the subject of discussion.

The association has already made a ruling that owing to Coquihalla having played an ineligible man against the North Wards of Victoria in the final game last season the trophy shall be left in abeyance till the time for the next competition arrives and no club gives credit for winning it last season. The ruling was accepted by the amateur union of the province when the soccer men were taken into the fold recently.

Now President Nicholson of the Victoria local board of the amateur union and one of the cup-trustees, has taken up the matter with the other trustees, Rev. A. E. Vert, of New Westminster, and H. P. Archibald, of Vancouver, who are also the presidents of the local boards of the amateur union in these cities. Mr. Nicholson thinks that the North Wards should be declared the first winners of the shield and have their name engraved on the trophy and he intends to press the matter.

Play will start to-morrow for the Peden cup, the teams competing on the knockout system, the winner holding the handsome trophy that has been given to the D. F. A. by Alex. Peden, for one year. The junior teams will go ahead with their league matches, but the Intermediate and Senior clubs will compete for the Peden cup. The feature match will be that of the Wests and Thistles at Beacon Hill, while the Willows Camp and Jacksons will also pull a big crowd at the exhibition grounds. The complete schedule for to-morrow is as follows:

Wests vs. Thistles, Beacon Hill; ref-

AMATEURS SIGNING  
UP MANY PLAYERS

Art. Ross Released by Wanderers; Maritime League Will Play This Season

There is a fine old scramble amongst the amateur hockey clubs for new players, and the rivalry this season promises to be keener than ever. The Y. M. C. A. have landed Smith a former McGill forward, for their septic team, while the Electricians have landed Jeff Baker. The Shortt, Hill & Duncan team, in the Commercial League, state that they have signed up Crooks, a former Calgary goal-tend; Wiley, of Almonte, and Coffey, of Calgary. In addition to the above, they will have E. J. Hulme, Aldridge, Lott and Bowers, of their last year's squad, and should be able to whip a formidable team in line. The Cedar Hill team will also be strong.

Secretary Watson, of the City Hockey League, stated this morning that the Catholic Athletic Club will be the fourth team to enter the senior series. Manager Reddie, of the C. A. C., has been conferring with him on this subject, and the new team expect to land Skinner Poulin as their coach. Walter Skinner will handle the Y. M. C. A. team, while Bobbie Ross will be grabbed by the Shortt, Hill & Duncan club, of the Commercial League.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 6.—The Maritime Provinces' Hockey Association has not

WAGNER STRONG  
FOR OUR KANTY

Flying Dutchman Helps Former Victoria Port-Sider; American Leaguers Talk Peace

"Honus Wagner thinks Kantz will be one of the best left-handers in the business," says Charlie Schmitz, in a fanning bee the other day. "Honus took a great liking to him, and the two became quite chummy. Whenever the club went on the road Honus insisted on Kantz as room mate, and he told him all he knew about pitching balls."

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Club owners of the American League, in their annual meeting here yesterday, put themselves on record as in favor of peace, but, except for expressing their sentiments individually and informally, they brought

no nearer the end of the baseball war.

rumors that overtures had been made to the Federal League by the American League through Frank Archambault, part owner of the ground on which the Federals play here, were denied by the magnates, and the only discussion of the situation so far as the Federals affect it, lasted only half an hour. In that time every one of the eight clubs, through its representative, declared for peace, but it was the general opinion that peace can be reached only by absorption of the Federal League, not through its recognition.

"There is no room for a third league," they agreed, and the elimination of the competing clubs in Chicago, St. Louis, and Brooklyn must be included in any terms of peace.

Oakland, Cal., Nov. 6.—Owing to the masterly pitching of Alexander, who allowed only two hits, the All-Nationals defeated the All-Americans, 2 to 0, in the third game of the local series played here yesterday.

Score—  
All-Nationals ..... 2 7 0  
All-Americans ..... 0 2 3

Batteries—Alexander and Killifer; Cole and Henry.

New York, Nov. 6.—George Stallings, monologist and manager, picked an All-American baseball team at the Palace Theatre. This is the line-up: First base, Schmidt; second base, Evers; shortstop, Maranville; third base, Red Smith or Deal; outfielders: Moran, Mann, Whitted, Connolly, and Cather; catchers, Whaling and Gowdy; pitchers, Randolph, Tyler and James. "I don't see how I can get away from it," Stallings explained. "The Boston club beat every record in baseball when it won four straight from the Athletics."

Rugby crowds at the Eastern Canadian games are very small this year.

Victoria's All-Star soccer eleven play at Seattle on Sunday.

The same applies to some of the Victoria squad of last season.

Victoria's All-Star soccer eleven play at Seattle on Sunday.

Rugby crowds at the Eastern Canadian games are very small this year.

Joe Bayley expects to hook up in a four-round bout next week.

Freddy Welsh easily outclasses the lightweight aspirants when it comes down to boxing.

Tealy Raymond thinks the veteran too slow for this company.

Three goal tends will try out for the Victoria nets this year, with Bert Linday the favorite.

Melbourne Inman is showing great improvement at the American billiard game.

The star billiardist will appear here the last of this month.

Cyril Sedger is out of the hospital after having his broken nose straightened out.

Con. Jones will hold a provincial bowling tournament at his alleys in Vancouver next spring.

The mainstay sporting impresario will re-enter lacrosse next year.

## INTER-CITY GAMES FOR LOCAL TEAMS

Field Hockey Clubs Adopt Season's Schedule; to Open on November 14

A week from to-morrow Victoria's Field Hockey association gets under way. Six teams have entered and inter-city matches with Vancouver clubs will be arranged later in the season.

Nov. 14—McGill vs. 50th Regiment, Beacon Hill; Nomads vs. High school, Beacon Hill; B. C. Horse vs. 88th Regiment, Willows.

Nov. 21—Civic Service vs. McGill, Central Park; 50th Regiment vs. Nomads, Willows; High school vs. B. C. Horse, Beacon Hill.

Nov. 28—McGill vs. 88th Regiment, Beacon Hill; Nomads vs. B. C. Horse, Beacon Hill; 50th Regiment vs. Civic Service, Willows.

Dec. 5—88th Regiment vs. 50th Regiment, Willows; B. C. Horse vs. Civic Service, Willows; High school vs. McGill, Beacon Hill.

Dec. 12—Nomads vs. 88th Regiment, Beacon Hill; Civic Service vs. High school, Central Park; B. C. Horse vs. McGill, Willows.

Dec. 19—McGill vs. Nomads, Beacon Hill; 50th Regiment vs. High school, Willows; 88th Regiment vs. Civic Service, Willows.

Dec. 26—Civic Service vs. Nomads, Central Park; 88th Regiment vs. High school, Willows; B. C. Horse vs. 50th Regiment, Willows.

Jan. 2—McGill vs. B. C. Horse, Beacon Hill; 88th Regiment vs. Nomads, Willows; High school vs. Civic Service, Central Park.

Jan. 9—Nomads vs. McGill, Beacon Hill; Civic Service vs. 88th Regiment, Central Park; B. C. Horse vs. High school, Willows.

Jan. 16—88th Regiment vs. McGill, Willows; 88th Regiment vs. B. C. Horse, Beacon Hill; Civic Service vs. Nomads, Central Park.

Jan. 23—McGill vs. High school, Beacon Hill; Nomads vs. 88th Regiment, Central Park; B. C. Horse vs. 50th Regiment, Beacon Hill.

Feb. 6—McGill vs. Civic Service, Beacon Hill; 50th Regiment vs. 88th Regiment, Willows; B. C. Horse vs. Nomads, Willows.

Feb. 13—Nomads vs. Civic Service, Beacon Hill; 50th Regiment vs. B. C. Horse, Willows; High school vs. 88th Regiment, Beacon Hill.

Feb. 20—Civic Service vs. B. C. Horse, Beacon Hill; 88th Regiment vs. McGill, Willows; High school vs. 50th Regiment, Beacon Hill.

Feb. 27—McGill vs. B. C. Horse, Beacon Hill; 88th Regiment vs. Nomads, Willows.

The West Seniors will line up as follows for their game with the Thistles to-morrow afternoon at Beacon Hill: Goal, Robertson; backs, Bolton and Whyte; halves, Petticrew, Stewart and Okell; forwards, Plumb, Vounson, Prevost, Sherritt and McMahay.

We have just made a buy of one hundred and fifty new Fit-Rite Suits at one-half their regular price, and are offering the lot at exceptionally low figures.

## ARENA

## SKATING

The rink will be open to the public on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings. Saturday morning and every afternoon.

### BAND IN ATTENDANCE AT EVENING SESSIONS

The prices have been reduced for this year.

Evening—General Admission	40¢
Saturday Afternoon—General Admission	25¢
Afternoon and Saturday Morning—Adults, 25¢. Children, 15¢	

Grounds for the matches from Feb. 20 to April 3 will be decided on later.

## SHOWING THEM HOW IN HOCKEY AND FOOTBALL

Arthur Duffy, writing in The Boston Post, says: "It speaks well for the Canadian football game when American football coaches have to invite Canadian coaches to cross the border to show our teams how to solve the passing game in football. It was the same way with the American ice hockey game. Try as our American ice hockey players did to master the Canadian style of passing the puck, it was impossible. Every time that Canadian took the puck to town, it showed just how much our players didn't know about the ice game." Now it seems to be the same case with football. When it comes to the rink, rushing, line-plunging style of American football American college players don't have to take their bats off to anybody, but in the passing game it is another story.

Despite the fact that the passing game is supposed to be one of the real features of the new American game, our college teams have much to learn about this specialty. Just what effect the American football coaches are going to have on the American game is hard to say, but there is no doubt but what the Canadian coaches are going to be much in evidence, and that the passing game is going to revolutionize the American game more than ever.

Gradually are the American coaches getting wise to this fact, and those football followers, who have been waiting to see soccer come into the attention that it deserves, appear to be rapidly getting their wish."

### LACROSSE MEETING

Toronto, Nov. 6.—The Big Four lacrosse league held a secret meeting here at the offices of the Toronto street railway. The meeting was not even announced. President Fleming, when interviewed, said: "We had a very enthusiastic meeting, clearing up the routine business of the Big Four for 1914. It was purely of a routine nature."

### WESTS' LINE-UP.

The West Seniors will line up as follows for their game with the Thistles to-morrow afternoon at Beacon Hill: Goal, Robertson; backs, Bolton and Whyte; halves, Petticrew, Stewart and Okell; forwards, Plumb, Vounson, Prevost, Sherritt and McMahay.

## MORNING COAT, SILK BRAIDED EDGES

The highest class tailoring art and skill are required to make this garment correctly.

This is where Fashion-Craft superiority is very noticeable as it shows good work to advantage.

F. A. Gowen 1114 Government St.  
Victoria, B.C.

MADE IN CANADA

## CALIFORNIA LETS DOWN BARS ON PROS.

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—It is a foregone conclusion that the final count has been made over the boxing game in California, and the professional round sport declared officially out.

There seemed to be a lingering faint-hearted hope well into Wednesday night that later returns would prove favorable, but the latest returns indicate a stronger majority in favor of the anti-light measure. Men who have been connected with the game from a

standpoint of promoting are admitting that boxing has been killed.

Under the new law any boxer who has ever been paid for his services is barred as an amateur. This means that an entirely new crop would have to be developed. The law also prohibits anything more than trophies worth \$35, and that in itself would dash cold water to the boxers.

The Esquimalt Rife association will hold a target practice at Work Point to-morrow afternoon from 2 to 4. All members are requested to attend.

(Other Sporting News on page 15)

# Four BIG Clothing Specials for Saturday

We have just made a buy of one hundred and fifty new Fit-Rite Suits at one-half their regular price, and are offering the lot at exceptionally low figures.

Lot 1.	Lot 2.	Lot 3.	Lot 4.
\$11.50	\$13.50	\$16.50	\$17.50
Lot No. 1 consists of 22 Suits—in tweed and worsteds, two and three button. Values in this lot sold regularly at \$20 and \$22.50. Saturday special	Lot No. 2—We are showing exceptionally nice cloths in Scotch tweeds; colors of brown, grey, and all the lead- ing shades. All sizes in this lot. Values up to \$26.00. Saturday special	Lot No. 3—We are showing 43 Suits. There are certainly some of our best cloths in this lot. Sizes 34 to 48. See our window. Saturday special	Lot No. 4—We are showing some of the highest priced goods in the store, but we made a good buy, and you reap the benefit. Val- ues in this lot up to \$32.50. Saturday special
\$11.50	\$13.50	\$16.50	\$17.50

SEE OUR WINDOWS

RICHARDSON & STEPHENS

Government and Yates Street

Victoria, B. C.



Letters for publication in daily Times must be received at the Times Office not later than 12 noon on day before publication. When suspended, letters may be held over until the following day.

White unobjectionable anonymous communications will be published, the name and address of every writer of such letters must be given to the editor.

#### HALLOWEEN PRANKS IN SAANICH.

To the Editor: Saanichton heroes distinguished themselves at Hallowe'en by nailing a sign taken from the Prairie tavern to the porch of St. Mary's church. They also took a cream-colored horse from a paddock and in letters about two and a half diameter painted in red, German, on one side, Kaiser on the other. A more extraordinary object can nowhere be found, for, in addition, are numerous arm-like ornamentals all in red oil paint, which cannot be removed. O, noble lunatics, when will your glory fade?

FRANK R. BAIL.

Saanichton, Nov. 2.

#### LAND FOR CEMETERY.

To the Editor:—The Real Estate Exchange has at last justified its existence. As reported in the Times, the Exchange at its meeting on Wednesday evening protested against the price proposed to be paid for the land in Saanichton, which it appointed a committee to take the matter into consideration. I have read in the Times that land near Mount Douglas, five or six miles from the city and very suitable for the purpose, could be bought for \$1,000 an acre, while for another farm \$1,200 an acre was asked. And the city council seemed to be seriously considering buying at these figures. The Real Estate Exchange will, I trust, block the transaction. The days for such prices based with the death of the late Mr. Ross Bay, and will not return in fifteen years. One good point kept in view is to secure land that can be sold again in lots about 4 ft. x 5 ft. at a price that a poor man can afford to pay. Because poor people have to be buried as well as the rich. Land five miles from city is not worth any more for burying the dead in than it is for farming. What is the land in question worth for farming?

ROSS BAY.

#### THE PREMIER'S TRIP.

To the Editor:—In your issue of the 2nd instant is a communication by "A Minister," who plumes himself on being a "newcomer," and childishly criticizes the premier's trip to London. He seems delighted with the rude irony of another fault-finder as hopelessly imbecile as himself, who, practically, means all Sir Richard McBride's regard, but his presence in London, ensuring the safety of the grand old city, and enabling Lord Haldane and Readings and Mr. Lloyd George to leave London for a time. It is regrettable that at this critical and very anxious time any man, and especially a minister of the gospel, should be so unmannerly as to take refuge in a crowd of ministers and ignominiously hide his identity behind non-de guerre, while endeavoring to impose on the simplicity of the public by insultingly attacking the first minister of the crown.

I have no "brief" for Sir Richard McBride, nor for any other man, but I would advise "New Comer," who apparently is a paragon of blank simplicity, to compare the city of Victoria and the province of British Columbia of to-day with them at the time the McBride government came into power, and the scales will fall from his eyes, and he will, if fair and honorable, conclude that the premier has done for his province as much at least as any premier in Canada has done for his province. Sir Richard McBride is the judge as to whether the interest of British Columbia is best served by his going to London, or by his remaining at home; if the former he goes to London, but if the latter he remains at home, without asking the permission of "A Minister."

The most terrible war that has ever been waged is now in progress, and the existence of the British empire depends on the issue, and it is at least bad taste, if not disloyalty, to carpingly criticize those who are in high and responsible positions, and striving to do the very best that can be done in the circumstances for king and country.

"God save the King."  
J. CAMPBELL.  
"Breadalbane," November 4.

#### POSITION OF WORKINGMEN.

To the Editor:—The unemployed problem seems to be no nearer a solution than ever. Mr. Osborne in to-night's Times denounces the authorities for providing work for the aliens at \$1 a day, but it is our duty to feed them whilst they are our prisoners, and it is surely better to keep them employed than to herd them in a barracks fence. Then he gets after the Chinaman for taking the cooking job away from us. But whose fault is it? A white cook is worth, and can get, more money than a Chinaman, but he works harder. And, of course, the Victoria you ladies think the job far beneath them. A correspondent was grousing the other day because it was proposed to build a school for domestic science and physical culture. Why, this is just what we want, but it is just about 20 years too late. The physical culture business should of course go with the domestic business, for John won't quit until he is kicked out, and we can't blame him.

Mr. Osborne tells us to imagine that he walked four miles and only got 25 cents for a solid hour's work. But at the present moment we are altogether too vividly reminded outside the front door marching 25 miles a day at 10 cents an hour—and maybe no chance of lead at the end of the march.

Very few seem to realize the sacrifices that will have to be made before this war is over, and the sooner we start the better, and the man, even with a family, who kicks at \$1.50 a day deserves to be shovelled in the firing line with a rifle in one hand and a chunk of bully beef in the other.

Just a word about the civic employees and the proposed, but abandoned, reduction in salaries. This is the most disastrous piece of legislation that has come out of the city. Many of these men have incomes quite apart from their salaries, and large bank balances, and these were the ones who kicked up the most dust. The only way to deal with this matter would be to force them to disclose their wealth, or, if they wish to escape thequisition, to resign temporarily and give some other poor fellow a chance. The patriotism of some people is positively nauseating.

The high proportion of millionaires in Victoria has been commented on even far Timbuctoo, but they are not much in

evidence just now. Nothing but the arrival in Victoria of the Butcher of Berlin would rouse them, apparently.

WALTER FOSTER.

Maywood.

#### CHAUFFEURS TO THE FRONT.

To the Editor:—Recognizing what an expert your correspondent "Groucho" is on almost every conceivable subject under the sun, it makes me, knowing my poor literary abilities, wonder if I am not presuming in trying to frame a reply to his two short letters under the above head. "Groucho's" recent exploit is apparently the role of recruiting sergeant. I am afraid, judging by his method of approaching the chauffeurs of B.C., that he will meet with little success. I gave him credit for knowing that the bullying method never did command much success, and especially when applied to Britshers. He makes his plea of sending chauffeurs to the front as a "purely patriotic suggestion." I think you will agree with me, Mr. Editor, that the word patriotism is a word that I like best that everybody has a right to have his own opinion as to its definition.

It happens to be a chauffeur and a married man and feel that I am justified in strongly protesting any such proposal as "Groucho" has put forward. Where my duty lies I have my opinion, and I can assure your correspondent that it won't be that type of recruiting officer who says, "Go to the front; I would go if I was not too old," etc., that will alter it. According to old country papers and letters I have had, the man in uniform who has said, "Come to the front," has been the most busy slogan of volunteers. I fail to see by "Groucho's" logic that it stands out the chauffeurs for this particular attack, for his remarks about women and boys of 17 being able to take their positions might just as easily be applied to dozens of other trades and professions. Perhaps some lady or boy of 17 could relieve him of his employment if he is fortunate to have any, or maybe he is one of the favored few who do not need any. I wish these three lady aspirants for a chauffeur's berth every success in their venture.

But, Sir, I think that there is just a little more to being a chauffeur than sitting comfortably in the car. I don't doubt but that there will be some people approve of taking the jobs away from the married men; it would mean a substantial reduction in wages, but that would be of no account, for it is not a purely patriotic suggestion?

CHAUFFEUR.

(This letter closes the correspondence.—Ed.)

ROSS BAY.

#### SIR RICHARD'S ABSENCE.

To the Editor:—With your kind permission, Mr. Editor, I would like to say a few words to "A Minister" re "The Premier's Trip." Your correspondent is very much surprised that Sir Richard McBride should be away from the province at the present time. "A Minister" takes his leave from the vice-regal residence by a correspondent of the previous night, re Lords Haldane and Readings and Mr. Lloyd George being able to leave England at the present time owing to Sir Richard McBride's presence in the old country. Referring to the premier's absence he says: "Nothing, however, has surprised me more than this." "A Minister" thinks that the province is passing through a great crisis, which fact most of us believe to be true.

But why Sir Richard's absence from the vice-regal residence is especially surprising him such great surprise and alarm I fail to comprehend. Most people will agree that there is somewhat of a crisis being passed through in the old country. Still, Lords Haldane and Readings and Mr. Lloyd George take a trip to the continent—but then, Sir Richard McBride is there.

It is during grave crises that premiers and presidents and kings travel. Again, "A Minister" informs us that a deputation of ministers laid some proposals before the attorney-general, he being one of the party. According to our informant, the effort was a failure with the exception of acting a good deal of generosity and diplomacy. The spokesman of the party expressed his delight in the way they were treated and answered by the attorney-general. "A Minister" now wishes to dissent from the spokesman's expression, and also the attorney-general's way of dealing with the matter. Why did not "A Minister" object whilst the deputation of which he was a member were arguing their case out and afterward expressing their thanks and delight?

Your correspondent says: "And why should not the minister of finance be entitled to the work of his department?" Not complying with a request does not prove inadequate ability or measure of power. Perhaps diplomacy has something to do with it.

CHARLES WOOLLEY.

#### TRUST COMPANIES AND REGISTERED, TRUST COMPANIES.

To the Editor:—The tangled character of the affairs of the Dominion Trust company, when being disclosed has set people inquiring how it could be possible after the recent trust company legislation for a trust company to misuse funds entrusted to it and what protection the law affords to the public in this respect.

The answer is that the trust companies act, passed in March of this year, so far as it could, have restored order to the affairs of the Dominion Trust company, came too late. The evil was already done. Its provisions themselves are stringent enough. It regulates the manner of investment of all funds entrusted to a trust company, including deposits and even the company's own share capital and accumulated funds, and provides for all assets to be kept separate, so as to speak, in watertight compartments. In the main the classes of business a trust company can undertake, and provided that a deposit varying from \$5,000 to \$20,000 had to be made with the minister of finance by every trust company not later than July 1st. It enacts that no company which has not satisfied the registrar of companies and the inspector of trust companies and obtained registration can carry on business after September 4, 1915, and last, but not least, it made compulsory a searching periodical examination and report on the company's affairs and written by the directors themselves and not merely by officials of the company, in addition to an examination and report by the inspector of trust companies.

It is not too much to say that, had this act been in force early enough, reduction in salaries. This is the most disastrous piece of legislation that has come out of the city. Many of these men have incomes quite apart from their salaries, and large bank balances, and these were the ones who kicked up the most dust. The only way to deal with this matter would be to force them to disclose their wealth, or, if they wish to escape thequisition, to resign temporarily and give some other poor fellow a chance. The patriotism of some people is positively nauseating.

The high proportion of millionaires in Victoria has been commented on even far Timbuctoo, but they are not much in

# LIQUIDATOR'S SALE

747 Yates St., Victoria

# BOMBARDED

## But Not By German Guns or German Bombast

We have surrendered to "The Enemy" who has treated us magnificently, and we will reciprocate to the very best of our ability, by selling all who favor us:

## Shoes at Little More Than Half-Price

We Have Told You the Truth About This Sale  
It Is a Genuine Winding Up Sale, Everything  
Must Be Sold, and Sold Quickly

To do this we have used the pruning knife mercilessly—in many cases cutting the price in half, and in all cases far below cost. We have absolutely no cheap or trashy goods in the store—all are new high grade American and Canadian goods suitable for Fall wear. We wish to say to those who were unable to wait to be served yesterday and to-day, that we have added extra salesmen to our staff, and will try and do better in future. At the same time we wish to thank our patrons generally for the patience and consideration they have given us.

## SALE CONTINUES TO-MORROW, SATURDAY

and thereafter until our big stock has been entirely cleaned out. Come and see us

## The C. E. McKeen Shoe Stores Co., Limited

(In Liquidation)

747 Yates Street

Between Drysdale's and Gordon's

Dominion Trust Company, Limited, but in 1912 a Dominion charter was obtained from the parliament of Canada incorporating the present Dominion Trust company, and authorizing it to acquire the old company's business and assets. A somewhat similar authorizing act was obtained from the provincial parliament.

The latter act contained a clause making the company subject to all existing and future provincial trust company legislation, and consequently it became subject to the provisions of the trust companies act before mentioned. The Dominion trust company provided the regulation deposit with the minister of finance. Possibly those directly responsible for its affairs realized that in the condition they were in, the company could not obtain registration, and so attempted to avoid registration altogether by virtue of its Dominion charter. But so far as the Dominion Trust company was concerned it was a case of the stable door being bolted and padlocked after the steed had slipped out, and the regulations and safeguards intended to be applied were too late.

The trust companies act, however, remains, and its provisions are being enforced. Trust companies have been and will continue to be a necessity of our financial and social system. They can no longer gamble or encourage wild-cat enterprises with the funds entrusted to them. Since trust companies have obtained registration under it, and a very large number of others have abandoned their trust powers. For those that re-

main after September 4 next, and they will in all probability be few and will

within the inspector's power to adequately examine and control, there will be a vast business falling to their legitimate field of action, and they will supply a genuine want of the community.

In England that want is partly met by one official trustee, but that system has its defects. It creates a vast monopoly, and it does not bring the best results to the beneficiaries. Of necessity the trusts have to be administered by a host of minor officials. There is no incentive to obtain the best results compatible with security. On the contrary, the only inducement to put the trust funds into a safe claimant of government securities yielding but small returns, and even then not free from shrinkage of capital, for as we know, consols, the premier British government security, in common with other gilt-edged securities, have steadily shrunk within the last eighteen years from 112 to under 70.

One result of the undoubtedly blow that has been dealt to trust company business by the recent fall may well be that the public will make a distinction between trust companies that are registered and those that are not, and that the former will rapidly regain popularity and the confidence of the public, and come in added measure to perform the useful and necessary functions allotted to them.

PATRICK DONNELLY.

839 Hastings St. West, Vancouver, B.C.

Registered Trade-Mark

IT IS THE TASTE, THE FLAVOR OF  
BAKER'S COCOA

That Makes It Deservedly Popular

An absolutely pure, delicious and wholesome food beverage, produced by a scientific blending of high-grade cocoa-beans, subjected to a perfect mechanical process of manufacture.

Made in Canada by

Walter Baker & Co. Limited

ESTABLISHED 1780

DORCHESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

MONTRÉAL, CANADA

A young visitor was carefully examining the wallpaper. "I can't say I admire it very much," she said. "No," responded the hostess. "But of course that needn't worry you. You need not see it often."

**For Freedom, Justice  
and Civilization**

This is the cause for which your fellow citizens are fighting. Help them by your subscription to the Victoria Patriotic Aid Fund.

**HOUSES FOR RENT**

1201 Pleasant Ave., Oak Bay, 1 room, per month	\$15.00
1651 Pembroke St., 3 rooms, per month	\$20.00
Oakland Rd., near Central Ave., 3 rooms, per month	\$20.00
Springfield Ave., 6 rooms, per month	\$20.00
Flagard St., 4 rooms, per month	\$15.00
Cambie St., 1 house, each per month	\$20.00
John St., 1 room, per month	\$12.00
Catherine St., 6 rooms, per month	\$20.00
Rutin St., 5 rooms, per month	\$20.00
Pandora St., 8 rooms, furnished, per month	\$40.00
Gladstone Ave., 2 rooms, furnished, telephone, piano, furnace, garage, fireplaces, per month	\$60.00

**Stores and Offices for Rent**

Offices in Hambley Block, corner Government and Broughton Sts. Corner Port and Wharf Sts. offices on ground floor, one office and good basement.

**Swinerton & Musgrave**

Wine Building, 60 Fort St.

**L. U. CONYERS & CO.**

650 View Street

**FOR RENT**

Hampshire Road-House, 6 rooms, furnace	\$18.00
Douglas St.-Cottage, 5 rooms	\$20.00
Broughton Street-House, 5 rooms	
Rent	\$23.00
Stanley Avenue-Cottage, 5 rooms	
Rent	\$20.00
Hillside Avenue-Cottage, 5 rooms	
Rent	\$17.00
Bee Street-House, 7 rooms, modern, rent	\$18.00
Douglas St.-House, 5 rooms	\$15.00
Bridge St.-Cottage, 5 rooms	\$12.00
Bank St.-Cottage, 5 rooms	\$15.00
John St.-Cottage, 5 rooms	\$18.00
Douglas St.-House, 8 rooms	\$30.00
Douglas Street-Store, (suitable for shoemaker)	\$20.00

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

Money to Loan.

**BAIRD & M'KEON**

1210 Douglas Street

6 Acres near Goldstream, 130 full bearing apple trees, cottage, barn, chicken houses and runs, stock of poultry with incubators and brooders included. Esquimalt water pipe is laid through property. Price, on terms, is \$5,000.00

1/4 Acres near University School, all in bearing orchard; 4-roomed cottage. Price, \$4,000.00

**HOUSES TO RENT**

Acton St., 7 rooms, new	\$25.00
King's Road, 6 rooms	\$20.00
Bushby St., 7 rooms, new	\$35.00
Burleigh Drive, 7 rooms, furnished, Rent	\$40.00

**B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED**

522 Government St. Phone 125  
Representatives of the PHOENIX FIRE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., of London, England, for the south end of Vancouver Island.

**ACREAGE FOR RENT**

196 Acres at Sahtlam district, large frontage on Cowichan River, small cottage and barns, about 8 acres under cultivation; beautiful springs of water. Rent, \$150 per year. Splendid property for stock.

50 Acres near Arlington Post Office, at Nanoo Bay, 5 acres cleared, 4 acres in garden, 3/4 acres partly under cultivation, 4-room dwelling. All kinds of poultry houses, barns, cow shed and incubator house. Water laid on. Hot and cold water in house, bath, etc. 170 head of poultry, good laying; 3 Jersey cows. Within 1 mile of hotel, post office and school. Rent per month only \$15.00

**HOUSES FOR RENT**

\$15.00 per month, 5-room house at 233 Hill St.

\$20.00 per month, 6 rooms, at 1015 McClure St.

\$20.00 per month, 7 rooms, at 1617 Cook St.

\$15.00 per month, 4-room, modern bungalow, corner of Moss and Bond streets.

\$18.00 per month, 6-room modern house on Chapman St., Fairfield Estates.

\$25.00 per month, 10-room dwelling and 2 lots, fruit trees; situated at corner of Flagard and Camous streets.

\$15.00 per month, 6-room house, at 1022 North Park St.

**MODERN APARTMENTS**

Menzies Apartments, four and five-room suites. Per month, \$15.00

**J. STUART YATES**

616 Central Building.

**FOR SALE**

Two valuable water lots with 2 large wholesale warehouses and wharf, situated at the foot of Yates street.

**TO RENT**

Three-storey warehouse, Wharf street. For particulars apply to J. Stuart Yates, 616 Central Building.

# Along the Waterfront

Shipping News from Day to Day

**SENATOR WAS CAUGHT  
IN TERRIFIC WEATHER**

**MARGARET RESEMBLES  
DEEP-SEA STEAMSHIP**

**EVENTFUL VOYAGE  
OF JAPANESE VESSEL**

Victoria Was Forced to Leave Nome Roadstead; Many Alaskans Come South

Mistaken for White Star Liner in Clyde; Develops 15,000 Horsepower

Chinaman Dies and Baby is Born on Shidzuoka Maru; Heavy Weather Met

Seattle, Nov. 6.—Forming the last contingent but one on the Seward peninsula residents to leave the northern mining camps before winter closes Behring Sea to navigation, 190 Alaskans arrived in Seattle yesterday on the Pacific Coast Steamship company's Nome liner, Senator, Capt. T. H. Cann.

The next and last contingent to arrive here for the winter is coming on the steamship Victoria, of the Alaska Steamship company.

The Senator left Nome at 5 o'clock in the afternoon of October 25, four hours after a howling gale broke on Behring Sea, forcing the Victoria also to put to sea from the Nome roadstead. The Senator battled with the gale for more than two days after leaving Nome again demonstrating her staunch seaworthiness under severe conditions.

The rear of the voyage was marked by heavy seas all the way to Queen Charlotte Sound, where Captain Cann left the open sea and headed the vessel in to the inside passage out of consideration for the comfort of the passengers. For this he was warmly praised by the wayfarers as they landed at Pier B yesterday.

Besides the passengers the Senator brought 20 tons of tin ore and much miscellaneous freight from Nome. The passengers arriving on the vessel included many well-known mining operators and business men.

**SHIPPING  
INTELLIGENCE**

Nov. 5

Tacoma, Wash.—Arrived: Sir Vincent Norfolk via way ports, str. Edith, str. Chicago Maru, Seattle; str. San Juan, Mukitoo; str. Bunaevantura, Seattle. Sailed: Str. San Ramon, Seattle, Lazun, Maru, Seattle.

San Francisco Cal.—Arrived: Str. Bear, Portland, str. William Chatfield, Everett; str. City of Para, Balboa, Br. str. St. Hugo, Valparaiso. Sailed: Str. Wilmette, Klamath, San Francisco, Br. str. Olympia, Seattle; Str. Buenaventura, Tacoma, str. Strathaven, Bellingham; str. Fulton, British Columbia; str. Edith, San Francisco.

Seattle, Wash.—Arrived: Str. Senator, Nome str. Governor, Vancouver; str. Lizon, Maru, Tacoma; str. Strathaven, Valparaiso via Europa; str. Edith, Alaska; str. San Ramon, Tacoma. Sailed: Nome City, Mukitoo, str. Chicago Maru, Tacoma; str. Buenaventura, Seattle; str. Strathaven, Bellingham; str. Fulton, British Columbia; str. Edith, San Francisco.

Seattle, Wash.—Arrived: Str. Senator, Nome str. Governor, Vancouver; str. Lizon, Maru, Tacoma; str. Strathaven, Valparaiso via Europa; str. Edith, Alaska; str. San Ramon, Tacoma. Sailed: Nome City, Mukitoo, str. Chicago Maru, Tacoma; str. Buenaventura, Seattle; str. Strathaven, Bellingham; str. Fulton, British Columbia; str. Edith, San Francisco.

The Shidzuoka cleared from here early this morning for Puget Sound. She discharged 823 tons of general merchandise at the outer docks and has 4,059 tons for Seattle. The silk shipment amounted to \$750,000.

The Shidzuoka brought in a large list of passengers in all of the first, second and third classes. Among the saloon travelers were: G. J. T. Williams, who disembarked here; Dr. V. T. Lindsay, of Springfield, Ill., who, accompanied by Mrs. Lindsay, has been on a holiday trip to the Orient; and Rev. James Hind, an Anglican missionary from Kokura, Kyushu, Japan, who with Mrs. James is going to California.

Five Japanese and 39 Chinese steerage passengers disembarked here.

**MUCH SURVEY WORK  
DONE BY LILLOOET**

Capt. Musgrave Tells of Sea-  
son's Work Carried Out in  
Northern Waters

Some very important survey work was carried out in northern waters this year by the Dominion hydrographic steamer Lillooet, and her assisting ship, the schooner Naden, both of which returned to their moorings in Esquimalt harbor on Wednesday. Capt. Musgrave, who is at the head of the survey work on the Pacific coast, has furnished the Times with an account of the work accomplished during the season. The Lillooet and the Naden left here last April and good weather enabled the surveyors to pursue their tasks without interruption.

The survey of the navigable waters of the Skeena from Claxton to the eastward as far as Treee was completed. Another important work carried out on the Skeena was the surveying of the North Skeena Passage, or what is better known to seafaring men as the "Slough." During thick weather this piece of water is very difficult to navigate and quite a few ships have poked their noses into the mud or on the rocks.

An examination of the bar of the Nass river was made and additions to the chart of Granby Bay have been set down.

Deep-Sea Soundings.

The deep-sea soundings at the entrance to Dixon's Entrance were continued to the westward. This work which has been carried on for several years and a mass of information concerning this waterway is being compiled for the benefit of seafaring men. Dixon's Entrance will be traversed by numerous ships in the near future, as steamship lines are planning to operate ships between the Orient and Prince Rupert.

The coast of Graham Island, of the Queen Charlottes, from Frederick Island and to Port Louis, was partially surveyed and the survey of the latter harbor was completed.

Work on the survey of Skidegate Channel, which separates Graham Island and Morrisby Island, the larger of the Queen Charlottes, was commenced. This work will be resumed next year.

The approaches to Surf Inlet, Prince Rupert, were surveyed for some distance down the Lando Channel and all danger located. Surf Inlet is developed into quite a town. Several mines are operating there and coasting steamers are including the place in their port of call.

Soundings in the northern portion of Heceta Strait were carried out. This is a very important work as the water way is one which will be used by inbound ships to Prince Rupert.

KOHALA AT VALPARAISO

After a 67-day passage from Victoria, the American barquentine Kohala, Capt. Carlson, was reported arriving at Valparaiso on Monday last. It is a full cargo of lumber loaded at Chemainus. Before proceeding to Chemainus to load, the Kohala was in drydock at Esquimalt.

NASH GOING TO FRONT

Seattle, Nov. 6.—E. M. J. Nash, who has acted as special representative of the Royal Mail line in Seattle for the past year, has left for New York on his way to England, where he will enlist in the British army for service on the continent.

During the Boer war Nash was lieuten-ant in Pater's Horse and served with distinction.

Particulars, while a moral, is also largely an imaginative passion.—De Vara.

**TWO FRENCH BARQUES  
DEPART FOR ENGLAND**

Jacobsen and Pierre Loti Leave 'Frisco; Will Test Their Speed

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—The French barque Jacobsen sailed for Gloucester, England, yesterday with a full cargo of barley and was followed by the French barque Pierre Loti, which sailed for Harwich, England, a few hours later carrying the same kind of cargo.

These sailors will be able to test their speed and will use the old track around Cape Horn. They apparently do not fear capture by the German cruisers now in waters off the west coast of South America. Both wind-jammers will have to pass down that coast, but no doubt will keep well out to sea.

The British steamship St. Hugo, bound from Valparaiso for orders, was intercepted from the San Francisco lightship yesterday by the pilot boat Adventures and ordered to proceed to the Columbia river to load cargo.

After an uneventful voyage of twenty-five and one-half days from Balboa via Central America and Mexican ports, the Pacific Mail Panama liner City of Para arrived at this port yesterday afternoon. The Para brought a list of thirty-eight cabin passengers and twenty-three in the steerage besides a cargo of general merchandise amounting to 1,230 tons, and treasure to the amount of \$223,584.83.

The Standard Oil-tanker Taraxar, Capt. Read, sailed yesterday from this port for Iossaki.

The American Hawaiian steamship Montanan steamed for New York yesterday with a heavy cargo of coal products.

A Birth on Board.

After the three-day gale had subsided the doctor of the Shidzuoka had reported the birth of a Chinese baby. The little passenger was doing well when the ship arrived at Victoria. After all those events had transpired the barometer on the ship dropped to 28.36, the lowest glass reported by any ship arriving here this year. The officers at once prepared to meet violent weather, but the storm never broke and Capt. Deguchi was at a loss to account for the strange action of the barometer.

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The last Chilean sailing ship

# Thursday Was a Busy Day We Expect Saturday to Be a RECORD-BREAKER AT OUR GREAT MILLION DOLLAR SALE

Hundreds of people came to our big sale Thursday, despite the heavy rain, and took advantage of the great reductions we are offering on Men's and Children's Furnishings. Women were amongst the first to enter the store. One woman who had studied our advertisements and noted down the prices, bought four Boys' HIGH-GRADE Suits. The price she would have had to pay during normal conditions would have been \$28.00 for the four, but by her good judgment and willingness to penetrate through the heavy rain, she saved herself exactly \$22.20. Get busy, and do the same as this woman. She thought of her children's comfort and knew that it would impair her children's health to let them go to school this winter without warm, serviceable clothing. Therefore, study your children; buy the best at the lowest possible prices. Bring them in to-day.

## Men! Study These Prices, Then Act

### MEN'S HARD HATS

The best of makes, including Christies and well-known other lines. Just the sort of Hat for this weather. On sale at one price only.

**\$1.95**

### SPECIAL SALE OF MEN'S UNDERSHIRTS

Men, you need a good warm undershirt for this weather. Note the price. Regular values \$1.25 to \$1.75. Sale price

**60c**

### MEN'S FANCY DRESS SHIRTS

In all different patterns. Regular values \$1.25 to \$1.50. Now

**95c**

### MEN'S HIGH-GRADE SUITS

In all the latest styles, best of materials, the finest of workmanship, at prices which are unbeatable, we have them in all colors. That suit you are now wearing is sure to fall to pieces in a very short time. Think of what you can save by outfitting yourself right now, whilst these prices are obtainable. A well-dressed man bears the respect of everybody.

Note the Prices  
Men's Regular \$18.00 to \$20.00  
Suits.

**\$11.95**

Sale price

Men's Regular \$12.00 to \$15.00  
Suits.

**\$8.75**

Sale price

Men's Regular \$22.50, \$25.00,  
\$27.50 Suits.

Sale price

**\$14.75**

Come in to-day and pick out your suit.

### MEN'S OVERCOATS

A complete new stock just arrived consisting of all the latest styles, assorted cloths, tweeds, etc., with the military collar and belted back. The very overcoat to keep the body warm and shed the rain. Come in and get yours to-day. Reg. values \$20 to \$25. Sale price...

**\$14.50**

Reg. values \$18 to \$22.50. Sale price

**\$11.75**

### MEN'S SOFT HATS

Newest styles in all shades; best of makes. Reg. value to \$2.00. Sale price.....

**85c**

BEST QUALITY

Sale price, only .....

**\$1.95**

## LOOK! Extra Special

For Saturday Only

Men's High Grade Sweater Coats, Values to \$4.00. Sale Price

**\$1.35**



Our Motto "SERVICE"

## MOTHERS! STUDY THESE PRICES, THEN ACT

### BOYS' AND GIRLS' REEFER COATS

These come in navy blue, worsteds, and different patterns. We have some very smart ones amongst this shipment. Think what it means to get one of these at regular values to \$7.50. Sale price

**\$1.95**

### BOYS' JERSEY SUITS

Mothers want to keep their children in the best of health and guard them against colds. The only way is to keep them warm this winter. These Suits are the very thing. We have all sizes and any color. Note the price. Be here early Thursday morning and secure the size you want. Regular value \$2. Sale price

**\$1.20**

### BOYS' SWEATER COATS

Just the thing for school; good and warm; all colors; all sizes. Sale price

**65c**

### BIG LINE OF BOYS' SUITS

Good wearing clothes, in different mixtures. The very thing for your boy this winter. Good and warm, and at prices you will never get again. Sizes from 29 to 32. Regular values to \$7.50. Sale price

**\$1.95**

### BOYS' SHIRTS

All colors, stripes, etc. Any size. Sale price

**65c**

### BOYS' BUSTER BROWN AND SAILOR SUITS

All sizes. Come in and pick them over. Note the price. Regular values to \$3.50. Sale price

**\$1.65**

**557**  
JOHNSON  
STREET  
Phone 563

**557**  
MACKINNON'S  
Successors to McCandless Bros.  
MEN'S AND BOYS' FURNISHINGS

**557**  
JOHNSON  
STREET  
Phone 563

**557**

## SPORTING NEWS (CONTINUED)

### HANDICAP MEETS ARE NOW PLANNED

B. C. A. A. U. Will Send Circulars on Amateur Definition; Permit for Boxing Tourney



SHOLTO GILLESPIE

Well known Victoria Rugby star, who is one of the numerous athletes that Canada has sent to the front.

### BILLIARD STARS TO PERFORM HERE

Contract Closed for Local Series Between Melbourne Inman and Willie Hoppe

Willie Hoppe and Melbourne Inman, the greatest billiard exponents in the world to-day, will play a series of exhibition matches in Victoria on Nov. 24 and 25 at the Metropolis Billiard parlors on Yates street. This was announced this morning by Geo. Nicholson, who is handling the arrangements for this series and it is expected that the cue stars will arrive here about Nov. 23. The arrangements for the series include four performances, exhibitions being given in the afternoons as well as in the evenings.

The contract calls for matches at both the English and balk line billiards so that Victorians will be given a glimpse of these masters of the cue at both styles of play. Inman was here last winter when he gave a brilliant exhibition of his skill with the cue, but this will be Hoppe's first visit to the capital. The latter is regarded as the most wonderful balk line player ever developed and this series will be eagerly awaited.

There is little hope of Inman winning from Hoppe in the present matches for the world's title. Hoppe's great superiority at the balk line has proven too big a handicap for the famous English star and at Winnipeg last night Hoppe took the lead in their final block. Hoppe scored 1,940 at the balk line game while Inman was regressing but 136. Hoppe is showing wonderful form and had a high run of 213, the highest of the series to date.

Dyninatus Jackson will not go with the second Canadian contingent to the front.

Scotty McKay has returned to his work.

### LADIES' HOCKEY CLUB WILL PLAY M'GILL

It was announced this morning that the Victoria Ladies' Field Hockey club will meet the McGill Boys' team at Oak Bay to-morrow afternoon. This match is in preparation for the visit of the Vancouver Ladies' Hockey club on November 28, when the Victoria club will also entertain the Terminal eleven in a dance at the Alexandra club. The Victoria team for to-morrow is as follows:—Forwards, Misses Halford, Hauck, Briggs, (capt.), Vajo and Hall; half-backs, Miss Sehl, Papke and Christopher; full-backs, Misses Cessford and Nason.

The resignations of Messrs. J. You-

### INTER-CITY GOLF AT OAK BAY LINKS

Play for the Biggerstaff Wilson team trophy starts to-morrow at the Oak Bay links, when the Seattle Golf Club team will meet the Victoria Golf Club representatives in the annual match. The Sound City golfers arrived on the afternoon boat from the Sound City and on Sunday the entire squad of both clubs will pay a visit to the Colwood golf links for a few hours' play.

The Victoria team—A. V. Macan, H. Combe, B. Wilson, W. H. Ricardo, J. H. Horrocks, J. S. Matterson, W. Wheatley, J. A. Rithet, A. T. Goward, W. Pemberton, L. Kiggell, J. S. Bowker, A. Canceller, H. Horton, R. Garratt, A. Coles, P. Criddle, Col. Peters, Capt. Steele, H. G. Wilson.

Vancouver's Arena was opened for skating on Wednesday night.

### Found a Friend in Dr. Chase

His Medicines Proven Effective, and Always Kept at Hand in This Home

Mrs. Chas. Lovell, Agassiz, B. C., writes:—"I feel it my duty to tell you what a great friend Dr. Chase's medicines have been to myself and family. I cannot praise his medicines too highly, and Dr. Chase's name is a household word in our home. Well, quite a number of years ago I sent to you for sample box of Dr. Chase's Ointment for protruding piles, and having used the sample and found relief, I sent to him again for more—e.g., warts and other unwarlike people—who are too ready to boil or surferder at the first opportunity. The English are coming! That is what they were screaming. It was too thrilling for words. Then our fellows began to cheer, and that was when they began to boil. The Coldstream Guards and the North Lancashires turned out to cheer us when we came back."

### GERMANS "AREN'T REAL SOLDIERS."

An officer in the Northamptonshire regiment, in the course of a letter from the scene of operations abroad to his mother, says:—"The other morning early we captured a trench at three o'clock. When we charged with fixed bayonets the Germans simply screamed, threw away their rifles and knapsacks, and ran! Those that remained thirty-seven were bayoneted and nearly all killed. Most of the wounded died afterwards. I could not keep up with the men. The German officers were brave, and were all killed at their posts. I saw three, and gave one a drink out of my water-bottle, but he died on the way to our hospital. It was with the greatest difficulty that we could restrain our fellows from going after them, but there would have been trouble then, so we just fired into their backs, got about fifty, filed in the trench, and buried all their rifles and took the contents of their knapsacks. They aren't real soldiers like our men; but the officers are brave and capable, and their artillery most formidable. They excel in anything that can be thought out and provided for beforehand, but have little initiative, and they simply collapse if confronted with a sudden development. They seem to have a lot of people—e.g., waiters and other unwarlike people—who are too ready to boil or surferder at the first opportunity. The English are coming!" That is what they were screaming. It was too thrilling for words. Then our fellows began to cheer, and that was when they began to boil. The Coldstream Guards and the North Lancashires turned out to cheer us when we came back."

DISCOMFORT A JOKE.

Letters from the front are daily emphasizing the splendid spirit of our men. Here is the latest example:

"The army is great. You'd swear it was a picnic. Discomfort is a joke. The scariest thing here are matches. Plenty of baccy, but can't get a light; not in the trenches, anyway. —Get a little tin box and pack it strongly with matches, cover with cigarettes and chocolate (plain). Send a decent pipe with it. Since I started this letter they have found the range. Who care?"

### ALL DOUBT REMOVED



Our scientific examination of the eyes will remove all doubt as to whether or not glasses should be worn. In our examinations we make use of the most complete equipment of modern scientific instruments. We make, in every case, double examination by both subjective and objective methods. Our long experience and our special facilities enable us to give the best and most responsible professional service to all of our patients. We guarantee that the results of every examination are absolutely correct; we prove them to be so. We do not use drugs or drops of any kind, so the eyes are put to no inconvenience or annoyance whatever by our examination.

When you have any question about your eyes therefore, you will adopt a safe course in calling upon us as promptly as possible. If eyeglasses are not required the patients are so informed.

### OUR SPECIAL OFFER

Our specialists examine your eyes and fit you with a pair of our Duplex Perfect Vision Lenses in gold-filled frames, guaranteed three years, and the cost this week is only \$1.85.

### DOUBLE VISION GLASSES

"Have you ever seen our New Style Double Vision Glasses? They are so made that the two vision are in one glass, giving perfect vision to read, write and also at a distance. No marks across the glass. Call in and let us show you."

### GOUR GUARANTEE

This is to certify that every pair of Glasses purchased of us is fully guaranteed. We bind any buyer ourselves to replace either lenses or frames should they fail to give entire satisfaction.

(Signed) Queen's Opticians.

### THE FRENCH "75."

The French artillery (a Nancy message says) and especially the 75cm gun, has done wonderful execution and spread terror among the Germans, who cannot understand how a civilized nation like France can make use of so barbarous and disgusting an engine of war." These were the actual words of a Prussian officer who had been taken prisoner.

### ERECT BIG ARENA.

New Orleans La., Nov. 6.—After it became known that the anti-prize fight measure had been passed in California, a contract was let here for the erection of a fight arena that is expected to seat at least ten thousand people. Louisiana now is said to be the only state in which twenty-round boxing contests may legally be staged.

## When the Truce Comes The Right Attitude to Germany

By Arnold Bennett, in London News and Leader

When peace is seriously desired in any quarter, the questions to be discussed by the plenipotentiaries will fall into three groups:

1. Those which affect all Europe.
2. Those which chiefly affect western Europe.
3. Those which chiefly affect eastern Europe.

The first group is, of course, the most important, both practically and sentimentally. And the main question in it is the question of Belgium. The original cause of the war was Germany's deliberate and advertised bellicosity, and it might be thought that the first aim of peace would be by some means to extinguish that bellicosity. But relative values may change during the progress of a war, and the question of the sanctity of international pledges—now stands higher in the general view than the question of disarmament. Germany has outraged the public law of Europe, and she has followed up her outrage with a series of the most cowardly and wanton crimes. She ought to pay, and she ought to apologize. Only by German payment and German apology can international law be vindicated. Germany should pay a sum large enough to do everything that money can do towards the re-establishment of Belgium's well-being. I have no competence to suggest the amount of the indemnity. A hundred million pounds does not appear to me too large.

**The Greatness of a Nation.**  
Then the apology. It may be asked: Why an apology? Would not an apology be implied in the payment of an indemnity? Why humiliate a great nation?

To this I would answer that Germany is not a great nation. If Germany, after her diplomatic rascality of the last few years and her cultural display of the last few weeks, is to be called great, then we had better publish our *dictionnaire*, in abridged editions with the word "great" omitted. If Germany is great, what word is left to describe France? Germany has great elements within her; she is a great army; but cut her now, a great nation is to trifle with words.

The paramount fact revealed by the war is—not the brutality, but the stupidity of Germany. Her code of war-morals, and the ineffectually silly press campaign carried on by her in America, Italy and other places, have set a seal on the miraculous stupidity which marked her programme and her diplomacy. One's sympathies, I suppose, are born, and I was born with a sympathy for Germany. The latter, naturally, I strove to correct, and it now seems to me that I succeeded in the attempt beyond any warrant; for I really persuaded myself that Germany could not be so stupid as she seemed to be. I did not believe in the imminent coming of war—not because I had faith in Germany's pacifism, but because I had faith in her intelligence. To force a war in the circumstances and on the assumptions chosen and credited by Germany was an act whose stupidity could scarcely be matched in the modern age.

### A Lesson for Potsdam.

It is undeniable that Germany is now directed by hysterical stupidity wielding a bludgeon. Granted, if you will, that half the nation is at heart against the stupidity and the bludgeon. So much the worse for the half. Citizens who have not had the wit to get rid of the Prussian franchise law must accept all the consequences of their political ineffectiveness. The peace-makers will not be able to divide Germany into two halves. Her acknowledged leaders being thickheaded bullies, the whole of Germany should ultimately suffer for their mistakes and their temperament. Stupid bullies should be treated according to their mentality. It would be absurd to talk to a prize-fighter in the idiom of a philosopher. Nothing will impress the Potsdam mentality so much as a public humiliation. Indeed, nothing else is likely to impress Potsdam mentality so much as a public humiliation. Indeed, nothing else is likely to impress Potsdam at all. Many a savage brute has been permanently convinced of the advantages of civilization by the idiom of one knock-down blow.

For Potsdam, a first-rate spectacular effect is needed, and that effect would best be produced by a German national apology carried by a diplomatic mission, with ceremony, to Brussels, and published in all German official papers; and emphasized by a procession of Belgian troops down Unter den Linden. This visible abasement of German arms in front of the Socialists of Berlin would be an invaluable aid to the breaking of military tyranny in Prussia.

### Alsace and Armentières.

So much for the Belgian question and the sanction of international pledges. The other question affecting the whole of Europe is the hope of a universal limitation of armaments. But there is a particular question touching France, which in practice would come before that. I mean Alsace-Lorraine. Unless German conquer Europe, Alsace-Lorraine should be restored to France. A profound national sentiment, to which all conceivable considerations of expediency or ultimate advantage are unimportant, demands imperatively the return of the plunder. And in the councils of the world, either alone or with German representatives, the attitude of French diplomacy would be: "Is it clear about Alsace-Lorraine?" If so, we may proceed. If not, it's no use going any further. Germany properly beaten, it would be entirely futile to talk ethnography to this profound French national sentiment.

We now come to armaments. I have seen it suggested that the destruction of Eosse, Wilhelmshaven, and Heligoland ought to be a condition of peace with Germany. Certainly the disappearance of these phenomena would be a gain to the world. So would the disappearance of Rosyth and Toulon. It seems to me, however, very improbable

that their destruction or dismantling by international command would occur after hostilities have ceased, or could usefully so occur. If the French army on its way to Berlin can treat the Krupp factory as the German army on its way to Paris, treated Rhine as cathedral, well and good! In fact, most excellent! And if the British navy can somehow emasculate Wilhelmshaven and Heligoland, I shall not complain that its behavior has been purely doctrinaire. But otherwise I see nothing practical in the Eosse-Wilhelmshaven-Heligoland suggestion. Nor in the project for dethroning the Kaiser and sending him and his eldest son to settle their differences in St. Helena? The Kaiser—happily—is not a Napoleon, nor has he yet himself accomplished anything big enough or base enough to merit Napoleon's fate. Any dethroning that may envelop the grey monotony of the post-war era at Potsdam

seems to have forgotten also, that though her name is Prussia, she is subject to the limitations of the human race. Out of her prodigious score off little Denmark, her thrashing of Austria—a country which never won a war—and her victory over France, there grew a legend that Prussia, and therefore Germany, was not as other nations. This legend is contrary to fact. Every nation must yield to force here, indeed, is Germany's contribution to our common knowledge.

If, in July, 1870, it had been pro-

## LONDON PRINTS BERLIN REPORTS AS "A Matter of Curiosity"

Official and Non-Official Announcements in Germany Discredited by Actual News, Demonstrated as True, Says Correspondent, Who Cites Instances of "Fiction" Emanating From Kaiser's Capital: Passed by Censor.

Why isn't the German side presented? Are all the American newspapers against Germany?

These questions were asked yesterday by a party of Americans who had recently left Berlin, and they reflect a general puzzled inquiry of many others says the London correspondent of the New York Herald. The fact seems established to them that reports concerning the war which come from London or Paris are credited and given prominence in the American newspapers, while reports from the German capital are referred to as if they did not really matter.

"Germany has no means of getting a fair hearing," says Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Imperial

the difference between fact and fiction.

Since the start of the war the British, French and Russian governments have provided their subjects with the truth. The Kaiser's government has provided the German people with such news as it wanted them to believe. On one side of it has been facts as Germany thought they ought to be. These statements would, of course, be of little weight were it not that any one with eyes to read can verify them by events that have transpired. It is a question of the "truth coming out in the wash."

### British War News.

Here in England, for instance, there was, I confess, a very general feeling that the difference between these reports is

open revolt. English army refuses to fight... or such announcements as "Germans threaten heart of Russia." Russia rebels. Austria crushing Russian armies.

These are perhaps too ridiculous now that their absurdity has been exposed by the natural course of events, so one may take as a sample of German official news the manner in which the disastrous defeat of the Germans at the battle of the Marne was described. The Germans, as everyone now knows, retreated precipitously that they lost thousands of prisoners and hundreds of guns, besides stores, ammunition, horses, men, and countless other material.

"British ship sunk by German torpedo! German success at sea! The Pathfinder sent to bottom!" When the Allies got the whip hand in France, with the German army almost at the gates of Paris, the official reports, of course, took on a different aspect, and the retreat of the Germans to the Marne and the details of the Allies' saving victory in the battle of the Marne were displayed quite as prominently as their recent defeat.

"Allies push Germans back! Kaiser's army retreating toward the Aisne!"

was the welcome news to Britishers. When the German retreat developed in some parts of the line to a rout where guns and war material and stragglers were left behind, the official news published here was to the effect that the

"Retreat of Germans is very rapid! Signs of rout!"

### Disaster on the Sea.

The battle of the Aisne has provided cautious official bulletins, some favorable, others less favorable, but in the meantime London was shocked by the official bulletin of the three cruisers in the North Sea which was communicated to the British public by the posters stating,

"Great British naval Disaster! British ships sunk in North Sea!"

Naturally these bulletins attract immediate notice, especially when the news is official, for in every case the news, whether good, bad, or indifferent, has turned out to be precisely as it was represented. In no case has any official bulletin mentioned or even hinted at victories which have not been substantiated. It has been plain truth straight from the shoulder every time.

The French official bulletins, though very cautious in tone, in keeping with a decision reached at the outset of the war by the French government, have been accurate without exception. In several instances it has been shown that General Joffre did not sufficiently emphasize the Press Bureau in London on one occasion gave out a statement to this effect:

"French success far more important than they admit. Much more war material and many more prisoners taken than first announced."

There was no minimizing the failure to stop the first German advance. Each day's bulletin contained concise exact statement of fact. I say exact because events have shown them to be.

From Russia we have had official announcements to the effect that

"Germans drive Russians into marches. Capture 30,000."

We had this news even before it could come from Berlin.

From Petrograd officially we have had alternating reports of victories and defeats, of mishaps and fortunate battles for the Tsar's troops, and we have had the daily reports of the crushing of Austria's power. The Russian government, like the British and the French, has followed the rule of keeping the people advised and

of driving the Russians out if they are not driven.

**Berlin Reports in England.**

Or course, it is all too absurd for further comment.

The British press publishes these German reports as a matter of curiosity, and the censor never interferes with them. They are considered as absurd as they are harmless. It has provided amusement to read:

"Englishmen so ashamed they are becoming naturalized Germans."

September 8.

"England sues for peace." September 8.

Seven British battle ships sunk." August 14.

"Ireland seething in revolt."

"Russia seething in revolt."

"Egypt seething in revolt."

"Canada seething in revolt."

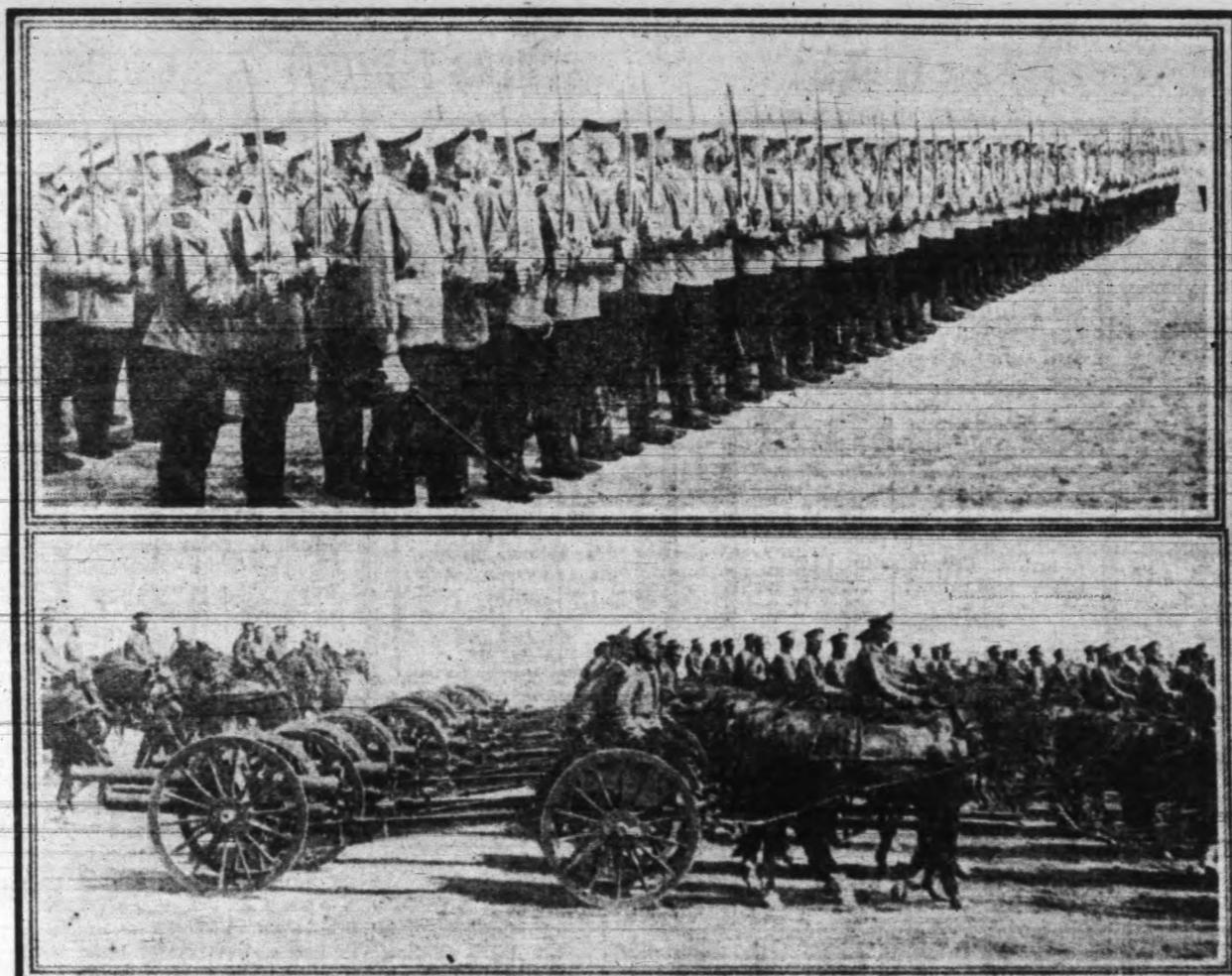
"America forming regiments for Germany."

Some unknd mathematician basing his calculations on German official figures given out day by day has demonstrated that the British force of 120,000 in France has already had 450,000 of that number killed and wounded, that the French dead and wounded amount to about twice their actual strength, and that Russian staff officers have been killed three times each.

I have said that these reports are published with clocklike regularity in England whenever they are issued from Berlin. But they are never given prominence and are never taken seriously. Likewise they are "not given a fair show" in America. It costs considerable money to cable matter to America and newspapers are perhaps loath to spend several hundred dollars a day extra to give this matter to their readers. It is assumed that Americans, whether they be pro-Allies, pro-German or impartial, want to read about the actual happenings of the war. Therefore they are given the French, the British and the Russian reports. It is assumed that they do not want to read fabrications, argument and fiction about the war.

That is why the "German side" is not presented to the American public even by newspapers whose editors have German blood in their veins and who would like nothing better than to have an intelligent estimate of what Berlin thinks of the progress of the war.

## RUSSIAN TROOPERS AND ARTILLERY



The upper picture shows Russian soldiers now in the field against Austrian and German armies. The illustration below is of Russian artillery showing the type of gun being used in the present operations in East Prussia and Galicia. The total strength of the Russian army is about 7,500,000 men.

should and will be done by the German soldiers themselves. Even in international politics it is futile to try to meddle in other people's private affairs.

The Peril of Premature Peace.

Assuming that the tide turns not again the chances of a thorough workmanlike, commonsense peace can only be imperiled by one thing—the deep desire of France and of Belgium for repose and recuperation. We in England do not know what war is. We have not lived in hell. Our plains have not been devastated, nor our women and children shot, nor our ears deafened by the boom of cannon, nor our cathedrals shelled, nor our land turned into a vast and bloody hospital; and we have not experienced the appalling terror and shame of the foe's absolute domination in our streets and lanes. We have suffered, we shall suffer, but our suffering is naught and less than naught weighed against the suffering on the Continent. Why, in the midst of a war of unparalleled horror, we grumble: a train is late! We can talk calmly of fighting Germany to a standstill, even if the job takes two years, and it behoves us to think so, and to prepare for the task; and for myself I am convinced that we could make good the word. But France and Belgium will not use that time, if Russia does. Once the German armies across the frontiers, the instinctive pressure in favor of peace would be enormous, and considerations of the distant future, of the welfare of mankind, would count little in the scale. In that moment, if it happens to come, our part and Russia's would be to sustain and encourage and save the supreme victims of fate. A tremendous factor in our favor would be the exhaustion of Germany; and the measure of our power and of the fear we inspire is the furious intensity of Germany's anger against our inconvenient selves. Without us the war could not last beyond the end of this year, and bursting with danger, and that they will strain the wisdom, patience and ingenuity of the negotiators to the very utmost.

Compared to disarmament, all remaining questions whatsoever affecting peace are simple and secondary. Indemnities for France or Russia, or both, a Polish Kingdom, a Balkan United States, the precise numbers of nations into which Austria-Hungary is to be shattered, the ownership of the coast east of the Adriatic, even the reparation of the Infancy by which Denmark was robbed of Schleswig-Holstein—what are these but favorable ground for the art of compromise? A tremendous factor in our favor would be the exhaustion of Germany; and the measure of our power and of the fear we inspire is the furious intensity of Germany's anger against our inconvenient selves. Without us the war could not last beyond the end of this year, and bursting with danger, and that they will strain the wisdom, patience and ingenuity of the negotiators to the very utmost.

When Germany is Beaten.

Many persons, I gather, find it hard to believe that Prussia will ever admit that she is beaten or consent to her own humiliation. Naturally her conduct will depend upon the degree to which she is beaten. She has admitted defeat and swallowed the leek before, though it is a long time ago. Meanwhile she has forgotten, and her op-

## The Marne Battle German Loot From the Roads and Lanes Around Meaux.



The retreat of the Germans, although not leading to any spectacular captures of men and arms, has yet rendered evidence of a fast pace and a discarding of much material which would otherwise have been carried away.

Chancellor. At first I wish it might appear that his statement is literally true.

But to really understand the situation and at the same time to enable an impartial observer intelligently follow the daily events of the war it is necessary to suspend judgment until appreciation is given to the manner in which official news from London, Paris, Petrograd and Berlin is communicated to the public. A cursory survey of such official news as has been issued so far will suffice to show why their official reports have failed to speak of victories and overlook defeats. The official bulletins, however, upset these theories.

giving them the truth. One can say "the truth" now that subsequent events demonstrate it.

### News from Berlin.

Now, with consideration of what I have already recapitulated from the daily war happenings and the manner in which news has been made available, one can profitably study the official news of the war as given to the German public and as offered to the outside world by the wireless stations.

It would, perhaps, be a waste of time to look back upon such announcements as "Allies beaten back all along the line. British suffer severely. Heavy British casualty list!"

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## GARDNER AND REVERE

Dick Gardner's trick of poking fun at the other acts on the bill with him at Pantages theatre this week is ably abetted by his charming partner, Anna Revere and their clever little act is making a big hit with the audiences at every performance. Joe Knowles, the Nature Man; Walter Terry's Fiji Girls, and the five Juggling Mowats are also proving strong favorites.

## AT THE THEATRES

## NAT. GOODWIN'S VISIT

Comedian is Seen Here in a Farce Comedy, "Never Say Die," and Pleases a Large House.

That it is a good thing to be given up by the doctors is borne out in the case of the millionaire hero of "Never Say Die," in which Nat. Goodwin appeared at the Royal Victoria theatre last evening to a large audience.

Having married his friend's fiancee in the faith that his doctors are right, and—with the desire to leave the young people his money, it can be conceived what a tangle has to be unwound when a year later, the lover comes back from study in Italy and the gift from a winter in Russia expecting to find that he has died meanwhile and that there is no end to the artist's marriage with a rich young widow.

There is perhaps no new element in the farce, but it is arranged with such sharpness of effect, and the quips and cranks of its dialogue have so many surprises about them that the whole business has an engaging air of novelty. The dialogue is bright and the action fast throughout, and the dramatic situations are led up to with more veracity than is often the case in farce.

Mr. Goodwin is unequalled in his own particular line of comedy, and in his own Woodbury he has a part to which he fits and fits him. The character is the pivot of the farce and Mr. Goodwin carries the action along until he comes on the stage—the piece did not promise well.

Craig, John Alexander—Judging, 1914. Ref. 221-1868d. Martin, George—Industrial and manufacturing chemistry; organic; a practical treatise, 1913. Ref. 669.3-M378. Newell, Frederick Haynes, and Murphy, Daniel William—Principles of irrigation engineering; arid lands; water supply storage works; dams; canals; hydroelectric power; 1913. Ref. 626.8-N14. Wells, Herbert George—Social forces in England and America, 1914. Ref. 224.5-W450.

USEFUL ARTS.

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Robinson, Victor—Pathfinders in medicine, 1912. Ref. 610-R35a.

Vernon, Alpheus Hyatt—Harper's wireless books, how to send wireless messages in telegraphy; telephone and the transmission of power, 1913. Ref. 626.8-V55a.

Walker, Agnes—Manual of needlework and cutting out, 616.2-W17a.

FINE ARTS.

Hooper, John, and Shirley, Alfred J.—Handbook of wood and metal work, 1914. Ref. 221-1877a.

LITERATURE.

Middleton, Richard—Monologues, 1914. Ref. 822-M26o.

TRAVEL.

Leary, Russ—Woodward—Italian fables and legends, 1912-1913. Ref. 181.1-L26.

Loomis, Frederic Brewster—Hunting extinct animals in the Patagonian pampas, 1913. Ref. 918.2-L26hu.

Onions, Oliver—Gray youth; the story of a very modern courtship, 1914.

Vassili, Paul—Count—Behind the veil of the Russian Court, 1913. Ref. 942-V23b.

Vassili, Paul—Count—France from behind the veil; fifty years of social and political life, 1914. Ref. 942-V23c.

Von Buelow, Bernhard—Prince—Imperial Germany, 1914. Ref. 943-V94m.

FICTION.

Carey, Rosa Nouchette—No friend like a sister, 1906. Ref. 918.2-C45.

Johnson, Owen—McMahon—Salmander, 1914.

O'Connor, Elizabeth (Pascal) (Mrs. T. O'Connor)—Little Thank you, 1912.

Onions, Oliver—Gray youth; the story of a very modern courtship, 1914.

Walpole, Horace—Duchess of Wriothesley; her decline and death; a romantic comedy, 1914.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS.

Stevenson, Robert Louis—Stevenson's song book; verses from "A Child's Garden of Verses"; with music by various composers, 1897. Ref. 378.8-S84s.

Tupman—"My watch is one of the cheapest makes, but it hasn't varied a second in the last three months." "Snodgrass"—"It seems almost incredible, doesn't it?" Tupman—"Oh, I don't know about that? It stopped the first day I bought it, and hasn't gone since."

He—"What's the matter with your church choir? They don't seem to pull together." She—"Well, the tenor's in love with the soprano; who is in love with the basso, who is deeply infatuated with the alto, who loves the tenor, but is married to the organist!"

Nothing that is not a real crime makes a man appear so contemptible and little in the eyes of the world as constancy Addison.

## Library Books

The following new books have arrived at the public library:

## PHILOSOPHY.

Holt, Edwin Bissell, and others—New realism; co-operative studies in philosophy, 1912. Ref. 220.2-H57n.

## RELIGION.

Smyth, John Patterson—Bible in the making, in the light of modern research, 1914. Ref. 220.2-S66d.

White, Bouk—Carpenter and the rich man, 1912. Ref. 222-W38c.

## SOCIOLOGY.

Bryant, Louise Stevenson—School feeding; the problem of feeding at home and abroad, 1912. Ref. 221.746-B38c.

Franklin, Margaret Ladd—Case for woman suffrage; a bibliography, 224.3-F34c.

International Woman Suffrage Alliance—Woman suffrage in practice, 1913. Ref. 324.3-I45w.

Terminal Publishing Co. Comp.—Technical facilities of North Pacific ports; a compilation of all useful information concerning Alaska, British Columbia, Washington, Oregon, California, and Hawaii, 1914. Ref. 281-T31c.

Wells, Herbert George—Social forces in England and America, 1914. Ref. 224.5-W450.

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## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per line per month.

## ARCHITECTS

JESSE M. WARREN, Architect, 503 Central Building, Phone 2097.

C. ELWOOD WATKINS, Architect, Room 202, Green Block, corner Broad and Pandora Ave. Phones 2133 and 2134.

## ART SCHOOL

MRS. MARY RITER HAMILTON has resumed classes at her studio, 514 Fort street, as follows: Wednesday, 4 to 6 p.m.; Thursday, 7 p.m. to 9 p.m.; Friday, 4 to 6 p.m.; Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 p.m. Portrait and easel studies are arranged and sketching from the life is taken up. Applications for members of the classes will now be received.

## CHIROPRACTISTS

MRI. AND MRS. BARKER, surgeon chiropactors, 14 years' practical experience, 912 Fort street.

## CONSULTING ENGINEER

W. G. WINTERBURN, M.I.N.A., prepares candidates for examination for certificates, stationary and marine. Finch Block, 710 Yates St. Phone 1521.

## DENTISTS

DR. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewel Block, c/o. Dr. Lewis and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephones: Office, 657; Residence, 122.

DR. W. F. FRASER, 201-2 St. St. St. Block, Phone 4294. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

## ENGRAVERS

HALF-TONE AND LINE ENGRAVING—Commercial work a specialty. Designs for advertising and business stationery. E. C. Engraving Co., Times Building. Orders received at Times Business office.

GENERAL ENGRAVER, Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver, Geo. Crowther, 816 Wharf street, behind Post Office.

## LANDSCAPE GARDENERS

LANDSCAPE GARDENERS AND DESIGNERS—Grounds of any size laid out. Staff of skilled gardeners. The Landscaping Co., Jas. Lamont, Manager, 1340 Pandora Ave., Victoria, B. C. Phone 2352.

## ROOFING

HALF-TONE AND LINE ENGRAVING—Commercial work a specialty. Designs for advertising and business stationery. E. C. Engraving Co., Times Building. Orders received at Times Business office.

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## SCULPTURE

GENERAL SCULPTURE—Statuary,



## MONEY TO LOAN

I have several amounts, ranging from \$500 to \$5,000, to loan at current rate of interest on city property. Bring in your application. Prompt reply. No delay.

**P. R. Brown**

REAL ESTATE INSURANCE  
1112 BROAD STREET



## MANY DISMISSED; FUNDS ARE LACKING

Number of Provincial Civil Servants Given Notice to Leave at End of Month

### TREASURY SEEMS TO BE DRAINED QUITE DRY

Men With Families Appeal to Attorney-General in Vain; Will See Premier on Return

now expired and the total amount of the liens was known, and as the lienholders had all agreed to accept fifty cents on the dollar it would avoid further expense.

It appeared, however, that some of them considered that this acceptance was only to apply if payment had been made before September 30. The court adjourned the application until Tuesday morning and suggested that the lien-holders should endeavor to arrange what they should do before then.

### LIVED LONG ON ISLAND

Mrs. Isabella Cameron, well-known Proprietress of North Saanich Hotel Some Years Ago, Dies.

The death occurred last evening of a very well known resident of the island. Mrs. Isabella Cameron, who passed away at a late hour yesterday at the family home, 911 Caledonia avenue.

The late Mrs. Cameron, who was 75 years of age and a native of Scotland, had been twice married, her first husband being the late Alex Wright, who was for many years the proprietor of Wright's hotel, North Saanich. During his lifetime she took an active part in the conduct of the business and on his death undertook complete charge for some time. Her second husband, James Cameron, survives her.

Mrs. Cameron had lived on the island for the past thirty years, about twenty-six of which were spent in Saanich, and the last four at Victoria. Her illness was very short, and the news of her death will come as a great surprise to those who had lately seen her in apparently the best of health and spirits.

The funeral has been arranged for 11 o'clock on Monday from the B.C. Funeral parlors, and at 2 o'clock interment will be made at North Saanich cemetery.

### OBITUARY RECORD

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the Reformed Episcopal church, of Mrs. Lucy Moffatt. Rev. T. W. Gladstone conducted the services, which were largely attended, the deceased having been a resident of the city for many years. A widow of the late Hamilton Moffatt, who was for some time a factor of the Hudson's Bay company, she lived at many places throughout the province since her marriage 60 years ago, and was well remembered by all who knew her for her kindly nature and unostentatious manner. She was a daughter of the late Captain McNeill, who was for some time in the service of the Hudson's Bay company. The funeral left the funeral parlors of the B.C. Funeral company at 2:30 yesterday, proceeding to the Reformed Episcopal church. The pallbearers were Magistrate Jay, Messrs. E. M. Fort, W. McLaughlin, Earl Davis, H. Dunnell and H. F. Fort. Many beautiful flowers covered the casket.

There is not a doubt in the minds of those who know how affairs stand that the finance minister will be at his wits' end next session to bring down a budget that will meet the very big deficit which he is likely to have to face on the current year's transactions and the prospect of a poor financial year in 1915-16. That the cutting down of expenses will not stop at the dismissal of the temporary employees is the general belief. Public works have been cut down to the bone figure, but still the outlook is so black that the government is driven to reduce its staff in the hope of saving a few dollars.

This action of the government is its first tangible confession that it is practically without funds, a fact that has been known for many months past. The surplus about which there was so much boasting a couple of years ago has been dissipated, the money market is not in condition to raise a large loan, and the revenue is falling off.

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The difficulty which was foreseen when the building by-law was passed two years ago has arisen in the work of the board of supervisors set up under the by-law to hear appeals. The Empress theatre applied for permission to use the rock from the section of the sewer in Esquimalt has been used by that municipality on its streets, the cost of haulage having made it bad business to carry it into the city, but as rock is being taken out of the tunnels in Victoria West, it will be possible for the city to save money by rigging up equipment to handle the rock from the tunnels and pass it out to teams for distribution on the streets. This change is to take place in about one week's time.

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The secretaries pointed out that the work of the Alliance was to deal with the Sunday question from the standpoint of physical rest, and not from the standpoint of religion. It was, however, a matter of supreme importance to preserve Sunday as a day of religious devotion, and for that the Alliance looked to the church, the home and the conduct of individuals. The question of a revival of interest in the preservation of Sunday as a day of religious devotion was thought to be so important that a committee consisting of Rev. Dr. Clay, Very Rev. Dean Doull and the secretary was appointed to prepare a resolution on the matter to be published in the press.

Although all the men who have been in camp here have passed the medical examination they have to again face the doctors and a very searching examination is being made.

Last evening the men of the Victoria Volunteer Reserve drilled in the drill hall, being put through the various evolutions by Captain D. B. McConan. Captain W. H. Langley was in command of the body, which was divided into three companies of forty-two men each, and these were commanded by David Spencer, Jr., W. Crow and W. Whiteley.

In Menzies street, outside the drill hall, the men of the Victoria Volunteer Guard drilled. It was understood by them that they had the use of the drill hall, but on their arrival they found that the rival organization was in possession, and instead of discussing the matter they adjourned to the street for drill.

The men of the B.C. Horse and a host of their friends in the city are looking forward to the dance to be given the evening in the ball-room of the Alexandra club by the Victoria members of the squadron.

The Odd Cents.—In connection with the recent protest of a taxpayer against the retention by the city of the odd cents on his tax payment, the staff of the treasurer's office makes the following statement: Any taxpayer who mentions the matter can have the odd cents made up in stamps. As a matter of fact the cashiers are out of pocket quite a considerable sum daily during the rush days through the absence of copper coinage.

Cornish Association.—The Cornish Association will hold its monthly social this evening at 724 Fort St.

## GILLETTS LYE.

FOR MAKING SOAP, SOFTENING WATER, CLEANING AND DISINFECTING SINKS, CLOSETS, DRAINS, AND FOR MANY OTHER PURPOSES.

THE STANDARD ARTICLE  
SOLD EVERYWHERE.  
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES



## Comfort and Economy

As a household necessity—clean and economical at all times—there is nothing more reliable than our famous WELLINGTON COAL. Every pound is carefully screened, assuring comfort to our customers. A trial order will convince you.

OUR MOTTO—"FULL MEASURE"

**MACKAY & GILLESPIE, Ltd.**  
Distributors for the Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Mines, Ltd.  
OFFICE, 728 FORT STREET

were not enforced. The same was true of the Lord's Day Act. In itself it was good, but by leaving the matter of enforcement to the attorney-general in each province a loop-hole was left for non-enforcement. Again with respect to women the laws were very weak. A further improvement in the laws should have something to do with the minimum wage, shop regulations, and the prohibition of child labor.

"The enforcement of the laws" was the subject of an address by Rev. Robert Connell, who pointed out in a general way the broad distinction which existed between laws affecting personal property and those relating to moral conditions. The former were well enforced in most instances; the latter did not always receive the same recognition.

Speaking of the appointment of police commissioners, Mr. Connell maintained that the citizens of any locality have not sufficient control over the appointment of these officers. The policy should be decentralization.

A temperance policy was submitted to the conference and a date will probably be fixed to interview the Government on the subject of some provincial policy in this respect.

The election of officers took place this afternoon, and a number of interesting reports from various districts in the province were offered.

The Bishop of Columbia will preside at the session this evening when the speakers will be Rev. Hugh Dubson, Rev. C. H. Huestis and Dr. Procter.

## WORK OF ALLIANCE THROUGHOUT PROVINCE

Lord's Day Organization Appoints Officers; Hears Report on Year's Work

The annual meeting of the British Columbia Lord's Day Alliance was held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms yesterday. The president, Rev. Dr. Clay, presided. Delegates were present from different parts of the province, and the cities of Victoria and Vancouver were well represented.

The president stated that much work had been done during the year, and that public sentiment for better Sunday was increasing.

The report of Rev. C. H. Huestis, secretary for Alberta and British Columbia, dealt in detail with the year's work, which had been strenuous and fairly successful. In some cities there was need for a better enforcement of the act as regards Sunday trading, and for this police commissioners were wholly responsible, as the government had shown itself ready to support enforcement. There was still considerable amount of infraction of the law in country districts, and at the request of the alliance, the attorney-general had lately instructed provincial constables to report promptly violations of the act to his department. Appreciation was expressed at the action of the government in introducing legislation making it impossible for moving picture shows to operate on Sunday.

Economy of a welcome character is to be practised shortly in connection with the northwest sewer. The engineering department proposes to use the rock taken from the sewer tunnels for street work. This would mean a considerable saving. In the past the rock from the section of the sewer in Esquimalt has been used by that municipality on its streets, the cost of haulage having made it bad business to carry it into the city, but as rock is being taken out of the tunnels in Victoria West, it will be possible for the city to save money by rigging up equipment to handle the rock from the tunnels and pass it out to teams for distribution on the streets. This change is to take place in about one week's time.

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### MECHANICS' LIEN CASE

This One May Be Settled Without Any Litigation Between the Many Parties.

Another mechanics' lien action is being dealt with in county court at present, in which the owner of the residence over which the matter arises is at once. The government fair wages scale is based on current wages paid, so that some adjustment on public works will probably follow.

The opinion of a leading member of the labor unions was asked for this morning. While he would not venture to express a definite opinion till he had consulted some of the leaders in the industrial unions, he said the cut would be severely felt. For instance, a carpenter getting \$4.25 a day would be cut to \$3.40 at a time when work was uncertain.

The change is expected to take effect at once. The government fair wages scale is based on current wages paid, so that some adjustment on public works will probably follow.

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GOOD BOARD AND ROOM, \$6.50 per week; also housekeeping—room, \$4.50; Pandora avenue.

LISTENT! I am certainly meeting with success due to the quality of the work you turned out. Customer of Dugon Furniture Co., 724 Broad Street (household).

TWO ROOMS, newly furnished, bath, kitchen, etc., electric light, \$11 monthly. Apply 244 Fernwood road.

SHACK TO RENT—3 rooms, near town, \$10. Apply 48 Cecilia road.

FOR RENT—4 rooms, 4 seasons, \$12.50 monthly. 1015 Broad Street (household).

VICTORIA LADIES HOCKEY CLUB dance in Alexandra Club, Nov. 28. Tickets, \$1, from any member.

YOUNG GIRL wanted to help in house, no washing, \$8 per month. 1236 Yates street.

BOARD AND ROOM, to suit 2, private family, home comforts, etc. Phone 3976.

PLAYER-PIANO, \$300, including music rolls. 178 Hollywood Crescent, Foul Bay. Numerous other bargains.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT AND AMENDING ACTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Western Motor and Supply Company Limited, held at the Company's office at 1000 View street, in the City of Victoria, on the 3rd day of November, A.D. 1914, IT WAS RESOLVED that the Company continue, by reason of its liabilities, to wind up its business, and that it was advisable to wind up.

AT SUCH MEETING the undersigned, Colonial Trust Company, Limited, was appointed liquidator of the affairs, and person of winding up the affairs, and distributing the assets of the Company.

NOTICE is also given that a Meeting of the Creditors of the Company will be held at the office of the Colonial Trust Company Limited, at 1000 View street, in the City of Victoria, on the 13th day of November, 1914, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY, LTD. R. F. TAYLOR, Mgr.

TO RENT—Fairfield district, part of seven roomed house, furnished, very low rent to suitable people. Phone 4682.

MODERN, 6-ROOM HOUSE, close in, \$15. McGregor & Co., 1311 Fort street.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

TO RENT—Fairfield district, part of seven roomed house, furnished, very low rent to suitable people. Phone 4682.

MODERN, 6-ROOM HOUSE, close in, \$15. McGregor & Co., 1311 Fort street.

Christmas Cards, including local views and patriotic, printed to your order. Sweeny-McConnell, Limited, 1012 Langley Street.

Body Washes Up.—The body of O. M. Graw Grenne, a member of the crew of the steamer Francis H. Leggett, which foundered off the Columbia river on September 19, was washed up on the southeast portion of Flores Island, near Clayoquot. The body was badly decomposed, but it was identified by persons found in the clothing. The provincial police have charge of the remains.

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## Portland Canal Has Excellent Inquiry

Tunnels Went Off Slightly; Coronation Kept Firm on Local Market

Those who clamor for Portland Canal offers at 14c, or even fractionally higher, are meeting with a stubborn market from day to day. Holders of the stock are refusing to let go their lines at this level, placing the intrinsic worth of the issue a deal higher than what at present rules. Such was the case to-day, and in view of this, offers that have descended in price recently were notably reduced.

Coronation was strongly supported, inquiry appearing quite general at 3c, sellers asking 4c.

There was a natural drifting tendency in the majority of the list, but several features made points of interest. B. C. Refining was in better demand; Standard Lead and Portland Tunnels went off slightly.

	Bid Asked
Blackbird Syndicate	35
B. C. Refining Co.	1.00
B. C. Steel Co.	1.75
C. N. P. Fisheries	.60
Coronation Gold	.03
Lucky Jim Zinc	.01
Marmora Coal	.12
Maple Leaf Gold	.04
Portland Canal	.02
Rambler Cariboo	..
Red Cliff	..
Standard Lead	.70
Stewartland	1.25
Stonewall	.40
Stewart Land	7.50
United	..
Calgary Oil Stocks	..

	Bid Asked
Alberta Assoc.	1.25
Alberta Canadian	.64
Alberta Petroleum	.08
Alaska Petroleum	.80
Athabasca	.80
Calgary Petroleum	50.00
Dome Oil	.20
Monarch Oil	.16
Piedmont	.16
Trenton	.11

WHEAT PRICES STEADY ON WINNIPEG MARKET

	Open Close
Winnipeg	66
Island Investment	25
Union Club (6c)	15.00
Winnipeg Can. F. Mills	140.00
North Shore Iron Works	35
Portland Tunnels	..
Calgary Oil Stocks	..

PENTICTON CELEBRATION INTERRUPTED BY SHOT

Slight Injuries Sustained by Two: Scurrilous Letters Are Sent to Citizens.

Penticton, B. C., Nov. 6.—Some person unknown, but believed to be the anonymous letter-writer who had been flooding Penticton mails with scurrilous letters for the past few months, fired into the crowded assembly room of the Aquatic club here last night, wounding two persons. The shot was fired through a window on the lake side of the building. T. Hickey, of Summerland, was hit in the shinbone, and Frank Bird, of Penticton, was grazed in the thigh by the bullet.

Last night the club hall was the scene of the farewell to 25 volunteers for the second contingent. They left this morning for Victoria. Citizens were bidding them good-bye in the clubhouse when the miscreant fired into the crowd and then escaped in the darkness. It is believed the missile was meant for J. H. McCoy, manager of the Bank of Hamilton here, a reputed and popular citizen. Mr. McCoy is sergeant of the volunteer company and left with them this morning for Victoria. Mr. Hickey, who was hit, was also a volunteer and was to have gone to-day. This is the second or third attempt made on the life of Mr. McCoy recently, following scandalous attacks upon his character made in the letters sent to citizens in the last few months.

Detectives who have investigated the letter-writing case have been unable to find a clue to the writer.

### LAND CASE CONCLUDED.

London, Nov. 6.—The Privy Council to-day in the appeal of Mildred Howard vs. William Miller, which concerned the sale of land at Vancouver, directed the orders appealed from to be discharged and the action dismissed with costs against Mildred Howard.

## WIRBALLEN IS ONLY OBSTACLE NOW LEFT

Russians Have Taken Jaroslaw; Austrians Retreat Along River San

Petrograd, Nov. 6.—According to Russian information Wirballen is the only obstacle to a general advance of the whole Russian front into East Prussia. The Germans, it is declared, soon will be forced to evacuate, being threatened by a flanking movement of the Russians. The backward movement of the remainder of the German line left this point without sufficient support.

The Russian consul-general at Constantinople arriving at Odessa stated that the Turkish officials were as surprised as Russia by the sudden offensive taken by the Turkish fleet in the Black Sea.

The consul-general said: "The news of the Turkish bombardment became known in Constantinople some time after the occurrence. Admitting that Turkey has fully prepared for war, nevertheless, German action precipitated the crisis. I regard the extreme courtesy shown by Russian officials two days following the Turkish attack as proof of Turkish surprise at recent events."

An unusually large guard of picked troops was placed at the disposal of the Russian ambassador, the consul-general said, and the grand vizier's private secretary superintended and facilitated the departure of the Russians.

Austrians are pushing through the passes of the Carpathians to support the Austrians who are falling back before the Russian advance in the region west of the San river. A correspondent at Lemberg states that these troops have been exhausted by the struggle through the now-filled mountain passes and are incapable of a serious resistance.

Lemberg, Galicia, Nov. 6.—News was received in this city the evening of November 5, of the recapture by the Russians of the Galician town of Jaroslaw from the Germans with five thousand prisoners.

Reports given out in Lemberg set forth that during the past few days the Austrians have been attacking furiously day and night. The artillery fire has been particularly severe and tends to the impression that they have been making their last supreme effort. Nevertheless the Russians have repulsed the enemy vigorously and have broken his desperate resistance. At the present time the Austrians are retreating along the river San.

The last engagement was over an extended front and the noise of the cannonading could be heard a great distance. Enormous forces of Austrians endeavored to prevent the Russians from crossing the San at a point near Monastyrzec, but the Russians held their positions in spite of the resistance. It is reported that Austrian artillery has destroyed the chateau on the property of Prince Czartowsky, near Lekaz, on the San. Presumably the valuable historical library in the chateau was destroyed.

GERMAN WOMEN SENT HOME FROM FRANCE

Twenty-Five Thousand Are Interned in France Being Returned Gradually to Germany.

Berne, Nov. 6.—Five hundred German women and children who had been interned in France and who are now being repatriated, arrived here to-day. It is estimated that at present there are in France about 25,000 Germans and Austrians who have been interned. Every day, however, sees this number reduced by from 600 to 1,000 persons. These are brought through Switzerland by train on their way home.

Something like 200,000 letters and five thousand money orders for prisoners of war reach Berne every day to be forwarded to their destinations. All this mail is sent post free by the intermediate of Switzerland. No fewer than 40 Swiss postal clerks are detailed to handle this mail.

DIFFERENCE IN PAY FOR CANADIANS AND BRITISH

King George and Earl Kitchener converse with Sergt.-Major Grant at Salisbury.

London, Nov. 6.—Sergt.-Major Grant, of the 48th Highlanders, Toronto, was specially recognized by King George and Earl Kitchener during their visit to the Canadian camp at Salisbury Plains on Wednesday. His Majesty asked questions concerning his length of service and Lord Kitchener inquired if arrangements were working satisfactorily.

Some developments are likely over the difference of pay of the Canadian soldier and his brother in England. The Canadian gets about three times as much as the Britisher. Many in authority are doubtful whether this is an altogether unmixed blessing, especially as leave may be granted so far very generously. It may be that arrangements will be made whereby payment of the full pay will be deferred.

RIGHTS OF MINERS WHO GO TO WAR PROTECTED

Ottawa, Nov. 6.—Since a good many placer gold miners and others holding mining rights in the Yukon have enlisted for the war, the government announces that their rights will be fully protected during their absence. The requirements regarding annual rental payments and the work to be done are waived. Some 50 Yukoners came down to Victoria with the machine gun battery and others have also left for the front.

## HEAVY FIRING HEARD OFF COAST OF DOVER

Dover, Eng., Nov. 6.—Heavy firing was heard off Dover this morning. It could not be ascertained whether the artillery exchanges were on the Belgian coast or indicated a naval engagement in the North Sea.

## FRENCH BARRISTERS OFFER LEGAL SERVICES

Paris, Nov. 6.—The president of the order of French barristers has placed himself and his colleagues at the disposal of the municipality of Paris for any information which may be required as to questions raised by the extraordinary decree issued in consequence of the war, the moratorium, the payment of rents and other matters. Representatives of the order may be consulted by the public free of charge every day from 12 to 4 o'clock at the secretary's office in the Palais de Justice.

## MORE ORDERS FOR GOODS COMING TO CANADA

London, Nov. 6.—Canada may hope very shortly to receive further orders for a supply of goods for both the British and French war departments. It is also understood that the Russian government at the present is making inquiries concerning the placing of an extensive contract in the Dominion.

PREMIER RETURNING.

London, Nov. 6.—Sir Richard McBride, premier of British Columbia, returns to Canada to-morrow.

## SPIES HELD AT MONTREAL

Montreal, Nov. 6.—Three German spies traveling under the names of George and Mrs. Walter and Frederick Thomas, were arrested on the Hespeler bound for Montreal, and handed over to the military authorities.

## ASSETS ARE SUFFICIENT.

London, Nov. 6.—A representative of the Dominion Trust company expresses the opinion that the assets are more than sufficient to cover the liabilities.

## HUNDRED MEN WANTED FOR KING EDWARD HORSE

London, Nov. 6.—A fourth squadron is being raised of King Edward's Horse, to make good the losses sustained by the regiment in the first line. One hundred men are required, and only those able to ride and shoot need apply, as the regiment will go into active service almost immediately. The headquarters are at the Clarendon hotel, Watford.

## C. P. R. LAND OFFICIAL DEAD AT HOWE SOUND

A. M. Nichol's Body Found Near Hotel at Port Meilan Killed by Gunshot.

Vancouver, Nov. 6.—Friends of A. H. Nichol, superintendent of the C. P. R. land department, will be shocked to learn of his sudden death at Howe Sound. His body was found early last evening at Seaside Park, Howe Sound, and this morning was brought here.

The deceased left the city on Monday morning to go up Howe Sound.

He did not return to the city on Wednesday the police were informed and a search made for him. He had put up at a small hotel at Port Meilan which is near Seaside Park.

The body was found just off the trail which leads from the hotel to a paper mill, which a few months ago was shut down. Death was due to a gun shot. The police suggest that while hunting he may have been the victim of an accident.

The late Mr. Nichol was a man about 45 years of age and had been a resident of the city for many years.

Last season he was vice-commander of the Royal Yacht Club.

The total revenue of the port of London authority for 1913 was £3,434,453, and the expenditure £1,216,631.

## FIRE AT HARTFORD.

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 6.—Reports were received here to-day that two stores were burned early to-day at Hartford, about three miles south of the Prairie Creek mining district. The origin of the fire was unknown.

Fusiliers' Band Concert.—The sound of the series of concerts to be given in Pantages theatre, by the Fusiliers band, will take place next Sunday evening. Bandmaster Rowland promises equally as good a programme as the public was treated to last Sunday, and he has been fortunate in securing the assistance of Madame Marie Burnett, Mezzo Soprano, and H. Morden, baritone. For those wishing to get a choice of seats, the theatre will be opened at 8 p.m., and the programme will commence at 8:30.

Y. W. C. A. Bazaar.—The Y. W. C. A. bazaar and sale of work, which is to be held on Tuesday, November 17, will be opened at 2:30 on that afternoon by Mrs. Henry Croft. It will be under the patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Peterson, Sir Richard and Lady McBride, the Attorney-General and Mrs. Bowser, Hon. Dr. Young and Mrs. Young, G. H. Barnard, M. P. and Mrs. Barnard and the Mayor and Mrs. Stewart. The ladies are making a strenuous efforts to make it a success in every detail.

## FINCH & FINCH

717—YATES STREET—719

Goods Bought at Sale Prices Cannot Be Exchanged

## Only Eight Days More of "Finch's" Ten-Day Buying Opportunity

Saturday We Continue the Greatest Dress Selling Event This Store Has Ever Known



Many eager buyers have thronged our Dress section during the last two days and taken advantage of the greatest Dress bargains ever offered by any store of this city. Now, for a final clean-up for Saturday, we have grouped our stock of handsome afternoon and evening Gowns into three lots. There are Dresses priced from \$35.00 up to \$150, selling at

\$10.00, \$17.50, \$27.50.

## Just a Year Ago To-Day

This store enjoyed exceptionally brisk selling and brisker business, and as it is the policy of this store to surpass at all times the volume of business of former seasons, we have planned to attain this result by some of the most sensational bargain happenings this store has ever announced. Saturday will be a record day.

## Good Suit and Coat News Told Here

### New Fall Suits With the Magnet Price

**\$15.00**

Mostly plain tailored styles with workmanship that is generally noticed on suits that sell at \$35.00 and \$40.00. The materials are all of mannish design in colors of grey, brown, navy, green and smart black and white check effects. Coats are medium length and well lined with grey satin. For the woman who desires a plain tailored costume with perfect fitting lines at a moderate price, here is your chance. Marked extra \$15.00 special at

**\$15.00**

### Will You Share in This Coat Sale? The Price to Be

**\$7.95**

Style and quality considered you will do well to purchase one of these smart new Fall Coats marked at \$7.95. It is one of the special values that marks this ten day buying opportunity. Colors are navy, green, brown and grey, loose style, and convertible collar, all sizes. Coat section, floor three. On sale at

**\$7.95**

## These Bargains for To-Morrow's Selling

### Ladies' Umbrellas, reg. \$2.50, \$1.75

Veilings, reg. up to 75, on sale at

yard ..... 35c

Neckwear, priced up to 75c, at 35c

Patent Leather Belts, reg. up to

\$1.00, at, each ..... 50c

Sale of Waists, good styles, at 95c

Lace and Net Frillings, black, ecru and white, priced up to 50c, at

yard ..... 25c

English Cape and French Kid Gloves, very special at, pr. \$1.00

New Style Handbags, priced up to

\$5.00, on sale at ..... 2.95

Christmas Handkerchiefs, worth

up to \$1.00, at 20c each, or 3 for

..... 50c

New Serge Dresses, easily worth double, selling at ..... \$5.00

New Style Collar Supports, black and white. Special at, each, 15c

Handsome Silk Waists (all new Fall styles), selling at ..... \$4.95

Sale of New Fall Coats, reg. up to

\$25, selling at ..... \$11.95

Silk Hosiery, Penman's make,

## Right Time, Right Place, Right Goods Can Be Obtained Here

Every commodity for making Christmas one great gala event. Our enormous stock of Bon Bons, Cadbury's Chocolates, Fancy Spanish Table Raisins, Stockings, Glace Fruits, Smyrna Figs, Dates, will arrive shortly. We have gone to considerable expense and trouble not to disappoint our patrons in Victoria that rely on us for our usual display. Having purchased these goods long before the war at prices, that if purchased now, would cost considerably more. You will not be disappointed at our display.

## Dixi H. Ross & Company INDEPENDENT GROCERS, 1317 GOVERNMENT STREET

Telephones 50, 51, 52. Liquor Dept., Tel. 53

## PHONE 2908. 601 ESQUIMALT ROAD VICTORIA FEED CO.

Dealers in  
Hay, Grain, Flour, Potatoes and Poultry Foods  
Call, write or phone for prices.

## THE EXCHANGE

718 FORT ST. PHONE 1337.

Xmas Toys made to order. Indian Baskets make very acceptable and original presents.

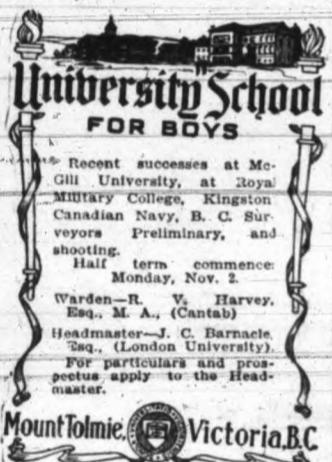
## MORTGAGEE'S SALE

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in the "Statute of Mortgages Act," 1912, and of the powers contained in the "Mortgages Statutory Form Act," the undersigned are instructed by the mortgagee to offer for sale in undivided one-half share or interest in Sectional Lots, District, British Columbia, and in accordance with said instructions tenders for the purchase of the above mentioned property will be received by the undersigned up to the first day of November, 1914.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Bass & Bullock-Webster, Law Chambers, Bastion street, Victoria, B.C., solicitors for the mortgagee.

October 26, 1914.



## LOCAL Y. M. C. A. SECOND

New Westminster Leads Victoria by 1,904 Points in Tri-City Membership Competition for Shield.

New Westminster is leading Victoria by 1,904 points in the tri-city Y. M. C. A. membership competition for the Paterson shield, according to the totals reported last night at the close of the third day of the contest. These totals were as follows: New Westminster, 3,320 points; Victoria, 2,916; Vancouver, 1,766. Yesterday's returns were: New Westminster, 899 points; Vancouver, 769; Victoria, 644.

To-day the Victoria workers are pushing hard to bring up the score still higher, and it will take every effort on the part of the local association to out down the differences which stands between it and the winner up to the present time.

The detailed returns of the Victoria campaign yesterday are as follows:

Members' Returns Newsals Pts.  
Co. 2—J. C. McNeill . . . 1 16 22  
Co. 7—S. A. Cheeseman . . . 146 280  
Co. 8—T. Green . . . 2 19 42  
Spec. Com. Geo. Bell . . . 27 123 399  
Totals . . . . . 30 292 644

## INVITES TENDERS

British War Office Purchasing Commissioner Will Receive Bids for Supplies.

F. W. Stobart, British war office commissioner who has been sent to Canada to purchase war stores and supplies for the British army in the field, has notified the Victoria and Island Development association that tenders are invited for the supply of waistcoats, cardigans, caps, comforters, flannel shirts, worsted socks, woolen drawers, cotton drawers, chokers, belts, mitts, cheap knives with tin opener, hair brushes, shaving brushes, picketing pegs, picket posts, shovels, mallets, mess tins, blankets, head collars, picks, helves for picks, helve spikes, ferrules.

Any manufacturers here who wish to tender may communicate either with the industrial commissioner at the office of the Victoria and Island Development association or with F. W. Stobart, who is making his headquarters at the Windsor hotel, Montreal.

Several inquiries have been received at the Development association office with regard to commercial agencies for British firms, so local agents desirous of adding to the lines they handle should apply at the offices for additional information.

## Your Boy's Character

Will depend largely upon his present associates.

THE BOYS' DEPARTMENT provides the best and PRODUCES THE BEST—Rates \$5.00 and \$7.00 per year.

Y. M. C. A.

Corner Blanshard and View Streets.

Phone 2338

## The Clay Detachable Motor

Let us show you this complete little motor. It can be placed in position in a few minutes to any kind of row-boat, sail-boat or canoe without tools, and will give a speed of 6 to 8 miles per hour.

## PETER MCQUADE & SON, LIMITED SHIP CHANDLERS 1214 HARF STREET

### SYLVESTER EXCELSIOR MEAL FOR POULTRY

Is a ground grain containing grits and beef, and should be fed in morning, dampened. Makes hens lay—also use our Egg Producer. The two should be used together.

Egg Producer, for 80 lbs. .... \$1.75  
Egg Producer, per pckt. .... 50¢  
Tel. 413. SYLVESTER FEED CO. 709 Yates St.

## A \$12 YEAR'S MEMBERSHIP IN THE Y. M. C. A. FOR \$10

If taken out on or before the 10th inst. We want more members—help us to get them.

## Drake Hardware Co., Ltd.

Phone 1645. 1418 Douglas Street

## SEEKING TO MARKET PRODUCE OF ORCHARDS

### Apple Festival Will Be Held for Three Days

Next Week

Few people realize the importance of the fruit industry of this province. Last year there were 23,196 acres of orchard to be found in British Columbia. Unless there is a market for this great output it cannot be expected that the industry will develop.

Another matter which was briefly but thoughtfully dealt with had to do with organized vice. Licensing he would not champion, because he knew it to be wrong. Segregation he was opposed to also. The social evil should be treated always as a crime, and put down relentlessly. Some people weakly contended that this evil had existed from the earliest times. So had murder, theft, fraudulence. But they were not tolerated because they were age-old crimes, but were punished by law. The only way to reduce these to a minimum had been to treat them always and every time as a crime. The only way to reduce the social evil to a minimum would be to treat it always as a crime also.

Rev. Dr. Scott who spoke last on "Moral Legislation in British Columbia," dealt more particularly with the question of temperance. In the matter of temperance legislation British Columbia was away behind other provinces in the Dominion. It was the one province where the people had not the power to deal with a problem which was of the most vital interest to the people. The public should be trusted to a certain extent and given power to say what it wanted, and the province was being halted to-day by the assumption that the people wanted something which they had never been given the power of expressing an opinion about. The sale of liquor should be controlled. It was true that men could not be made good by legal enactment. But force was necessary. If it were not of some benefit the whole police force might as well be dismissed and all laws invalidated. The cities should have the right of local option. Given this, British Columbia would stand side by side with any other province in the Dominion in the matter of temperance. Statesmen, not politicians, were wanted. Might the latter be diminished?

Considerable discussion took place in connection with all the subjects dealt with.

Committees were appointed as follows:

Resolutions: Principal Vance con-

venor; Mrs. J. O. Perry, Rev. Father J. F. McNeill, Rev. J. G. Inkster, Rev. S. J. Thompson, Dr. Mackenay.

Temperance: Rev. J. S. Henderson, convenor; Rev. Dr. Clay, Rev. R. Con-

nell, Rev. Father O'Boyle, Miss Ware,

Joseph Patrick, J. McEwan, A. E. Mitchell, Rev. Dr. Scott, Dr. Mac-

Kechine, Rev. W. Stevenson, and Mrs.

Spofford.

## Stops Stomach Pains in Two Minutes

The recent discovery by a leading specialist that pure bisulcated magnesia will almost instantly relieve the most distressing attacks from indigestion, dyspepsia or acidity, is of the greatest importance to thousands of people suffering from various forms of stomach trouble. As is well-known, nine-tenths of all stomach troubles are directly traceable to excessive acidity. A teaspoonful taken in a little water after meals not only neutralizes the acid and stops the pain, but quickly overcomes the cause of the trouble, soothes the inflamed lining of the stomach, and in a short time effects permanent relief.

"Were you glad to get back to school after the holidays, and see your dear teacher again?" "Well," replied the very observant boy, "I believe I was just about as glad as dear teacher was to get back to see me."

The Head—"As a shipping clerk you're the last degree of incompetence. Get your pay and get out." The Shipping Clerk—"All right, I'll go. If you say so, but you needn't feel so smart about it. I've been fired by lots of better firms than this."

"Even animals show their feelings," remarked the comedian to a friend the other day. "Only yesterday an animal showed me gratitude. I was wandering along a stream in the country when I met a cow in great distress. Her calf was drowning. I plunged in the water and rescued the calf and the grateful cow licked my hand." "That wasn't gratitude," replied the friend. "The cow thought she had twins."

# BOYS OF VICTORIA! Hearken to the Cry! To Arms! To Arms!

Scores of our young men and boys have gladly answered the call of the War Office of the Young Men's Christian Association, and have dashed bravely into the glorious battle for the Governor's Shield. The membership campaign between Victoria, Vancouver, and New Westminster is in full swing. The latest War Bulletin shows that Victoria is getting the worst of it. Vancouver and New Westminster are pressing us hard. We want every boy in Victoria. We need your help. Be loyal to your own fair city. Help us to wrest the victory from our opponents. The Call to Arms has reached you. You can fight. How will you answer it? Will you fail us in our hour of need? Hand in your name at once. Do not delay. You cannot afford to miss the advantages the Y. M. C. A. offers you. Come and see us about it. Every member counts two points. Every dollar paid counts two points.

# MEN OF VICTORIA! To Arms With Your Purse and Your Cheque Books

We need your assistance, too. During these times of financial straits many boys and young men are out of employment and will find it difficult to pay the small admission fee. We are aiming to give every soldier in Victoria free membership. You can help us in our good work and you can help these boys to develop into fine manly Christian men by lending them a helping hand now. Play the part of a big brother, pay their entrance fee and let them enjoy the many benefits to which membership in the Young Men's Christian Association will entitle them.

## System in House- keeping

Means a saving of time, strength and energy. By keeping all necessary utensils at hand a Hoosier Cabinet saves miles of weary steps every day back and forth from kitchen to pantry and table. Compact, convenient, easily kept clean, and affording place for such a number of utensils and supplies the "Hoosier" is one of the best friends a busy housewife can have. Cash prices \$40.00 and ..... \$46.00



## The Famous Angle Lamp

Never smokes or smells, whether burned at full height or turned low like gas. The angle at which the flame burns throws the light from its most brilliant surface directly downward. The effect of the light is doubled, producing a reading light with which no other system can compare. The Angle Lamp is the most economical and the safest of all light methods. It comes in single, two, three and four-light lamps in nickel and antique copper finish.

CASH PRICES	
Single Light, \$3.60 and ..... \$9.00	
Two Light, \$6.30 and ..... \$11.70	\$13.50

Victoria's  
Popular  
Home  
Furnishers

Weiler Bros. Limited

You  
will do  
Better  
At Weiler's